

Urgent Return receipt Expand Group Restricted Prevent Copy

**Christy Tsui Yan LEUNG/PLAND**

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寄件者: Steve Wong <[REDACTED]>  
寄件日期: 2026年03月12日星期四 18:07  
收件者: Christy Tsui Yan LEUNG/PLAND  
副本: Kevin Ka Wing LAU/PLAND; Benson Ka Chun LAU/PLAND; YF TSUI/PLAND; drcslau.hk  
主旨: Re: Temp Public Vehicle Park - Lot 1841RP in DD19, Tin Liu Ha, Tai Po (Application No. A/NE-LT/787)  
附件: Report C1039-01 022026 - issue 2-compressed.pdf  
類別: Internet Email

Dear Ms Leung

Please find enclosed our update of the Report C1039-01 updated with discussion on the risk during the construction stage for your further consideration and comments.

Please feel free to let us know if you need any further information.

Many thanks and Best Regards

Steve Wong

mb [REDACTED]

Christy Tsui Yan LEUNG/PLAND <[ctyleung@pland.gov.hk](mailto:ctyleung@pland.gov.hk)> 於 2026 年 2 月 26 日週四 下午 12:19 寫道：

Dear Steve,

Please find the comments below from WSD on the pre-submission of FI for your reference. Thank you.

**Comments from Water Supplies Department**

**[Contact: Ms. Kathy Wong, Tel.: 2152 5752]**

- The submitted information is considered insufficient to demonstrate that the “Conditions of Working within Water Gathering Grounds” will be complied with during the construction stage.

Regards,

Urgent Return receipt Expand Group Restricted Prevent Copy

Christy Leung

TPG/TP1, PlanD

Tel: 2158 6037

**From:** Steve Wong <[REDACTED]>

**Sent:** Wednesday, February 11, 2026 4:44 PM

**To:** Christy Tsui Yan LEUNG/PLAND <[ctyleung@pland.gov.hk](mailto:ctyleung@pland.gov.hk)>; Judy Chung Man KWAN/PLAND <[icmkwan@pland.gov.hk](mailto:icmkwan@pland.gov.hk)>

**Cc:** [drcslau.hk](mailto:drcslau.hk) <[REDACTED]>

**Subject:** Temp Public Vehicle Park - Lot 1841RP in DD19, Tin Liu Ha, Tai Po (Application No. A/NE-LT/787)

Dear Christy

Please find enclosed our letter C1039/AL01 regarding our proposed deferral of the TPB meeting for your kind consideration. The original letter is send by post.

Please feel free to let us know if you need any further information.

Many thanks and Best Regards

Steve Wong

mb [REDACTED]

Temporary Public Vehicle Park (Private Cars Only)  
for a Period of 3 Years  
in "Village Type Development" Zone  
Lot 1841 RP in D.D. 19, Tin Liu Ha, Tai Po

Risk Assessment Report  
On Contamination of Water Gathering Grounds

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PlanD Ref: A/NE-LT/787

Report Number: C1039-01 Issue 2

Date: Mar 2026

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EPD Professional Persons Environmental Consultative Committee Practice Note

(ProPECC PN) 1/23

(for reference only)

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Highways Department Standard Drawings

Of Petrol Interceptor

(H3134 – H3144)

(for reference only)

# 1 THE PROPOSAL

The applicant seeks planning permission for a temporary private car park (private cars only) for a period of three years at the application site (the Site) (**Appendix A**).

## 1.1 Type of Temporary Carpark and Layout

According to the applicant, a total of number of 12 parking spaces for private cars (5m x 2.5m approximately each) will be provided within the Site to serve local residents. The proposed temporary car park is for villagers' convenience only as there is insufficient parking spaces in the captioned areas. No structure (temporary nor permanent) will be proposed at the Site. The Site is accessible from Lam Kam Road / She Shan Road via village service roads. An existing village surface drainage channel is running adjacent to the eastern end of the Site. A layout plan showing the layout and vehicular ingress/egress of the proposed car park is attached in **Appendix A**.

## 1.2 Purpose of this Report

This Risk Assessment Report on Contamination of Water Gathering Grounds (WGG) is submitted for Town Planning Board's approval. The following elements are covered in this submission:

- (a) Site Conditions,
- (b) Stormwater Drainage Facilities,
- (c) Requirements of Water Supplies Department,
- (d) Planning Considerations and Risk Assessments

This Risk Assessment Report is developed based on the layout plan submitted for approval and concluded that there will be no potential risk of contamination to the WGG under the Planning Considerations with control measures.

## 2 SITE CONDITIONS

### 2.1 Site Description

The Site is located within the village and is situated adjacent to a village road and no heavy traffic is expected. The Site is located at a flat and paved area. An existing concrete lined surface drainage channel is located in close proximity in the eastern end of the Site.

There is no existing tree within the Site nor close to the Site that need to be protected.

Site photos are attached in **Appendix B** for reference.

## 3 STORMWATER DRAINAGE FACILITIES

### 3.1 Existing Stormwater Drainage Facilities

The Site is located within an area where drainage connections to existing stormwater drainage is available in the vicinity. Stormwater collection and discharge systems to cater for the runoff generated within the Site and overland flow from other areas surrounding the Site will be provided.

The Site is located on the paved ground, and the proposal will not increase the impervious area resulting in any change of the flow pattern and no increase of the surface runoff. There will be no flooding risk in the area.

The surface stormwater will be collected to the concealed / covered channels and discharged to the adjacent existing stream course.

The existing drainage facilities are found to be sufficient and no flooding record is reported regarding the Site areas.

The applicant will maintain such stormwater drainage systems properly and rectify the systems throughout the operation.

## 4 REQUIREMENTS OF WATER SUPPLIES DEPARTMENT

### 4.1 Requirements Regarding WGG

The applicant will refrain from contaminating the Water Gathering Grounds (WGG) by all means.

According to the Waterworks Ordinance Section 30(2)(a), any person who enters, or bathes or washes in, water forming part of the waterworks; Section 30(2)(b), any person who washes or causes or permits any animal to enter therein; and Section

30(2)(c), any person who throws or places any thing therein, shall be guilty of an offence and may be fined.

## 5 PLANNING CONSIDERATIONS AND RISK ASSESSMENT

### 5.1 Planning Considerations and Actions to be Taken

- I. The Site has been formed with paved surface. A typical photo record is attached in **Appendix B** for reference;
- II. No construction activities will be required. Soil excavation for installation of fence and channel construction is very minimum and limited and will be removed from site properly without stockpiling. There is no filling or excavation of land for site formation within the proposed site. The contamination from construction activities including excavated or fill materials is not anticipated;
- III. There will be no public toilet or similar facilities to be provided. No discharge of effluent or foul water into adjoining land, storm water drain, channel, stream or river course is allowed. No foul water or effluent will be collected and disposed of outside WGG. The impact from domestic sewage effluent is not anticipated;
- IV. No earth soil, building materials, fuel, or toxic materials or any other materials which may cause contamination to the WGG are allowed to be stockpiled within the Site or WGG or areas close to watercourses;
- V. Any solid waste and sludge from the proposed development will be collected and disposed outside WGG or areas close to watercourses;
- VI. No storage and discharge of flammable or toxic solvents, petroleum oil or tar and other toxic substances will be allowed within the Site or WGG or areas close to watercourses;
- VII. Stormwater channels will be provided surrounding the site. Regular cleaning of the channels will be carried out to ensure that they function properly at all times;
- VIII. Any vehicle which causes pollution to catchwaters or catchment due to leakage of oil or fuel will be removed off site immediately;
- IX. There will be no application and/or storage of any chemicals including fertilizers and detergents and cleaning agents on site will be used/stored without the prior approval from the Water Authority;
- X. The use and storage of pesticides, herbicides, toxicants, chemical solvents, larvicidal oil, rodenticide, tar and petroleum oil are strictly prohibited within the Site or WGG or areas close to watercourses;
- XI. The site will be surrounded by kerbs and drains. Grease trap and/or petrol interceptor will be provided at the drainage outlets and will be under proper maintenance. The drainage traps shall have sufficient capacity to ensure the proper interception and collection of fuel and lubricants in surface run-off for off-

site disposal. Proper maintenance and disposal records should be maintained. The recommendations given under EPD Professional Persons Environmental Consultative Committee Practice Note (ProPECC PN) 1/23 shall be followed and is attached in **Appendix C** for reference. Details of the oil interceptor will be provided according to Highways Department Standard Drawings and are attached in **Appendix D** for reference;

- XII. No vehicle dismantling, inspection, maintenance, repairing, cleansing, paint spraying or other workshop activities will be carried out at the Site at any time during and after the planning approval period. A signboard : “Private Cars Only 祇准私家車使用” will be provided at the entrance to provide announcement and make sure that only private cars are allowed to use the carpark;
- XIII. Oil leakage and spillage are not allowed within WGG at all times. Oil and grease decontamination kit such as absorbent pads will be provided to decontaminate any oil/grease leakage or spillage. Control measures including not allowing oil tanker to park inside the vehicle parking spaces will be implemented to avoid oil leakage or spillage in the WGG;
- XIV. No oil tanker is allowed to park inside the site to avoid risk of any leakage;
- XV. No repair works will be allowed to carry out on site;
- XVI. No washing activities will be allowed within the site;
- XVII. Should pollution be detected in future, the proposed temporary car park would immediately be closed. Environmental consultants would be appointed to carry out necessary remedial measures to WSD’s satisfaction;
- XVIII. Regular site inspection would be conducted to ensure the implementation of necessary preventive measures;
- XIX. A signboard : “No Littering 禁止扔垃圾” and a warning signboard of not to pollute WGG is displaced at noticeable position for alerting public not to pollute WGG and the management team will provide cleaning to the site in a regular basis;
- XX. Paved surface is provided to avoid any contamination of oil / grease leakage to the ground. Any soil contaminated with fuel leakage will be immediately removed off site and the voids arising from removal of contaminated soil will be replaced by suitable material to the satisfaction of the Water Authority;
- XXI. Chain link fence will be erected on the side facing the nearest stream course to trap all wind-blown litters, if any, within the site.

## 5.2 Risk Assessment

Measures as mentioned in Item 5.1 in the previous section will be enforced. The risk of any contamination will be reduced and controlled to negligible. The followings are summarised and highlighted for considerations:

- I. Construction proposal, if any, will be submitted to departments including WSD for acceptance / approval before any works to be commenced on site;
- II. The area is provided with paving, concrete kerbs/bunds and interceptor drains along its perimeter to prevent the washing out or loss of materials such as soil,

silt or debris to the surrounding area. The risk of pollution or causing contamination is negligible.

- III. The proposal is for a temporary car park for private car only and no other vehicles including oil tanker and light-goods vehicle are allowed to park at the Site. Besides, no other activities including vehicle inspection, maintenance, repairing and washing are permitted at the Site. A signboard : “Private Cars Only 祇准私家車使用” will be provided at the entrance to provide announcement and make sure that only private cars are allowed to use the carpark. The risk of pollution or causing contamination by commercial vehicles is eliminated;
- IV. No use and storage of chemicals including pesticides and fertilizers as well as, toxicants, flammable solvents, tar and petroleum oil will be allowed at the Site. There is no risk of contamination by chemicals and oil;
- V. There will be no solid waste and sludge at the Site or WGG. A signboard : “No Littering 禁止扔垃圾” and a signboard of not to pollute WGG will be erected at noticeable position for alerting public not to pollute WGG and the management team will provide cleaning to the site in a regular basis;
- VI. Car park users will be advised to drive away their cars if there is any oil leakage. Moreover, oil and grease decontamination kit such as absorbent pads would be provided at the Site to minimize potential pollution impact. Moreover, there is a grease trap and/or petrol interceptor will be provided at the drainage outlets and will be under proper maintenance. The risk of contamination of oil will be negligible;
- VII. No toilet facilities would be provided at the Site. No discharge of effluent or foul water into adjoining land, storm water drain, channel, stream or river course is allowed. Adverse sewerage impact is not anticipated;
- VIII. Should pollution be detected in future, the proposed temporary car park would immediately be closed. Environmental consultants would be appointed to carry out necessary remedial measures to WSD’s satisfaction. The risk of contamination will be well controlled; and
- IX. Regular site inspection would be conducted to ensure the implementation of necessary preventive measures. The risk of contamination will be well under control.
- X. As part of the site encroaches upon 50 meters to nearest watercourse, the following conditions will be imposed and followed:
  - a. No structure will be erected over this Waterwork Reserve areas, and such areas will not be used for storage purposes except with the prior written consent of the Waterworks Authority;
  - b. Tree planting will not be permitted within the Waterworks Reserve except with the prior written consent of the Waterworks Authority;
  - c. No blasting or pile driving will be carried out within the Waterworks Reserve except with the prior written consent of the Waterworks Authority;
  - d. The applicant / grantee will indemnify and keep indemnified the Government from and against all liability, damages, expenses, claims, costs, demands,

charges, actions and proceedings of whatsoever nature the grantee / applicant, his servants, workmen and contractors in connection with any damage to the existing Government water mains;

- e. The Water Authority and his officers and contractors, his or their workmen will have free access at all times to the Site with necessary plant and vehicles for the purpose of laying, repairing and maintenance of water mains. All other services across, through or under the waterworks reserve are required to seek authorization from the Water Authority;
- f. Government will not be liable to any damage whatsoever and howsoever caused arising from burst or leakage of the public water mains within and in close vicinity of the Site.

## 6 CONCLUSION

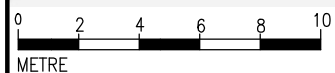
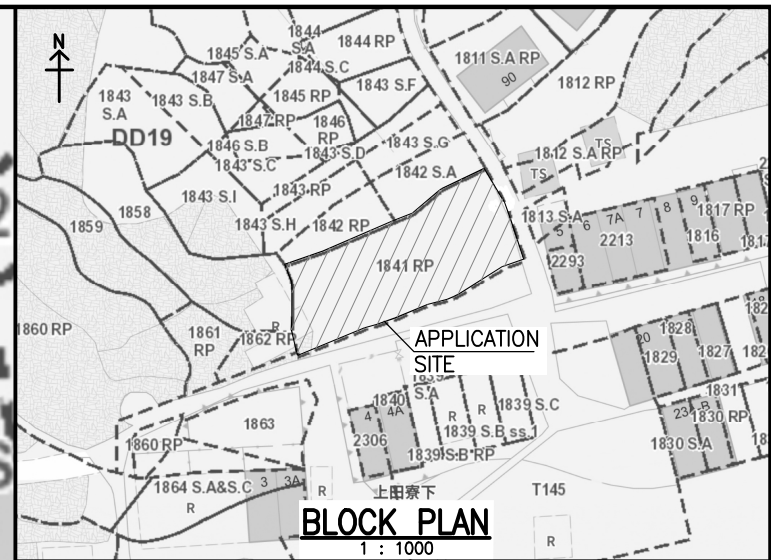
Under the application of the temporary private carpark (private cars only) for a period of 3 years within the captioned site, the applicant will provide and take up all necessary actions and measures for controlling and reducing the risk of contamination on WGG to a negligible level.

The measures as listed in this report are considered effective and applicable to the captioned site conditions. The TPB is advised to grant permission to the application.

## Appendix A

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### Drawing



**SIGN BOARD TYPE C**  
 WARNING : NOT TO POLLUTE WGG  
 - DO NOT DEPOSIT, OR CAUSE OR PERMIT ANY MATTER THAT MAY FALL OR BE WASHED OR CARRIED INTO WATER  
 - DO NOT THROW OR PLACE ANYTHING INTO WATER  
 - DO NOT ENTER, OR BATH OR WASH IN WATER  
 - DO NOT WASH OR CAUSE OR PERMIT ANY ANIMAL TO ENTER INTO WATER

警告：請勿污染集水區  
 - 請勿放置，導致或容許任何可能跌落或被沖入水中的物品  
 - 請勿拋擲或擺放任何物件於水中  
 - 請勿進入水中或在其中浸洗或沖水  
 - 請勿沖洗動物或導致或准許任何動物進入水中

**NOTE :**  
 1. PETROL INTERCEPTOR (PI) AND CATCHPIT DETAIL REFER TO DRG. HyD AND ProPECC PN1/23.

**LEGENDS :**  
 A [diagonal lines] SIGN BOARD TYPE A - PRIVATE CARS ONLY 祇准私家車  
 B [diagonal lines] SIGN BOARD TYPE B - NO LITTERING 禁止扔垃圾  
 C [diagonal lines] SIGN BOARD TYPE C  
 | CHAIN LINK FENCE DETAIL REFER TO CEDD TYPICAL DRG. C1006C.

PROJECT	<b>TEMPORARY PUBLIC VEHICLE PARK (PRIVATE CARS ONLY) LOT 1841 RP IN DD19, TIN LIU HA, TAI PO, N.T.</b>	DRAWING NO.	C1039SK02	DATE	FEB. 2026	SCALE	1 : 250
TITLE	<b>GENERAL LAYOUT PLAN</b>	DESIGN CHECKED	S.W.	DESIGNED	S.W.	DRAWN	A.T.

## Appendix B

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### Site Photos

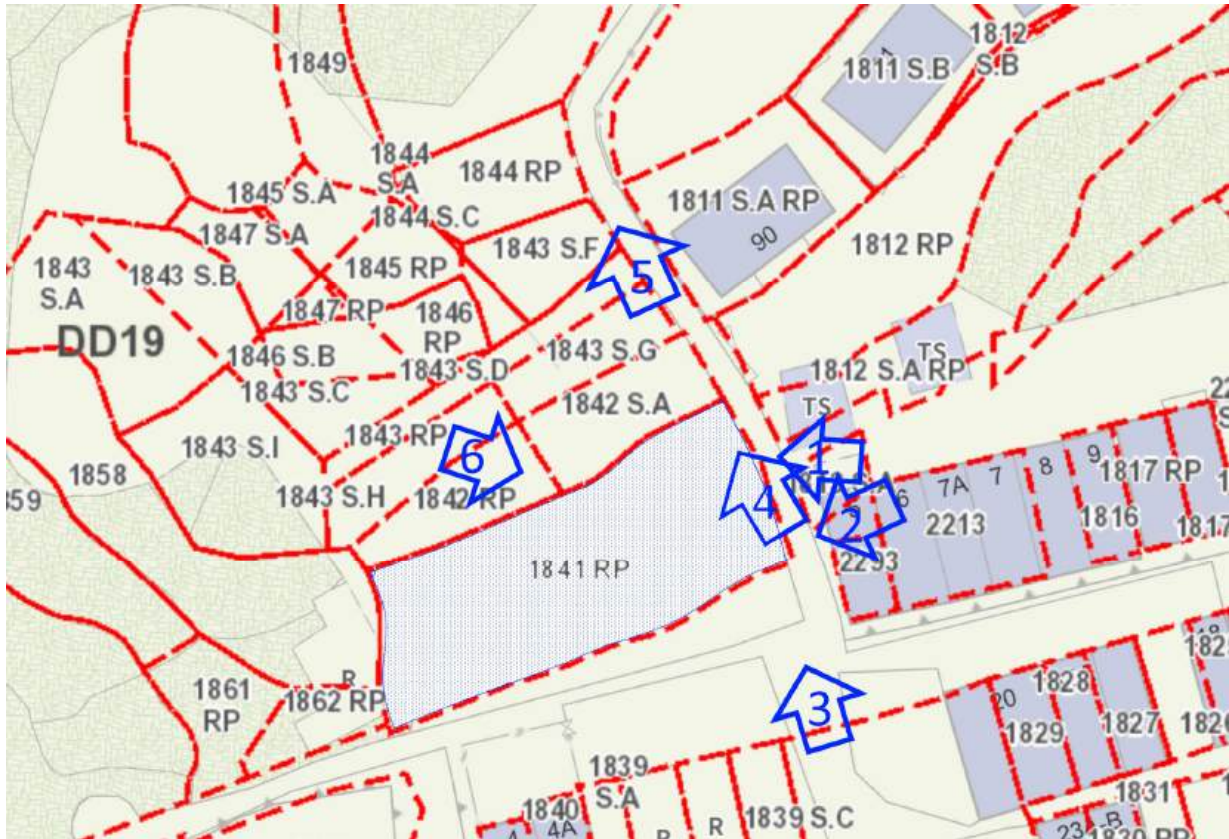


Figure 1 - Photo Location Plan



Photo 1 – Site Condition (Dec 2025)



Photo 2 – Site Condition (Dec 2025)



Photo 3 – Site Condition (Feb 2025)



Photo 4 – Site Condition (Feb 2025)



Photo 5 – Site Condition (Feb 2025)

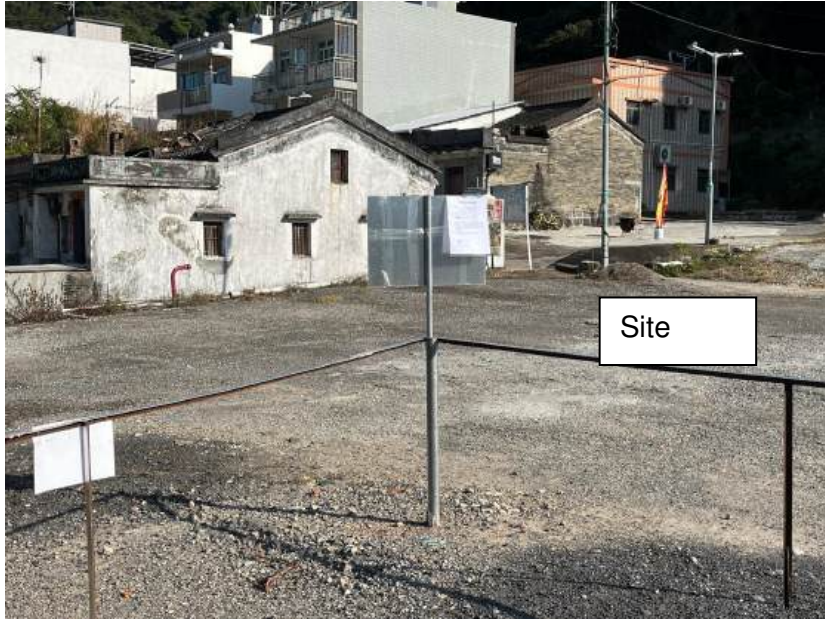


Photo 6 – Site Condition (Dec 2025)

## **Appendix C**

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**EPD Professional Persons Environmental  
Consultative Committee Practice Note  
(ProPECC PN) 1/23  
(for reference only)**

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION DEPARTMENT  
PRACTICE NOTE FOR PROFESSIONAL PERSONS

**Drainage Plans subject to Comment  
by the Environmental Protection Department**

**Building (Standards of Sanitary Fitments, Plumbing,  
Drainage Works and Latrines) Regulations (Cap. 123I)  
Section 40(1), 40(2), 41(1) and 90**

(This Practice Note supersedes the ProPECC PN 5/93.)

Drainage plans submitted to the Building Authority are referred to the Environmental Protection Department (EPD) for comment whenever there is a concern for pollution control. The EPD has, based on experience of the common problems found in the drainage submissions, prepared this practice note for reference by Authorised Persons (APs) in preparing drainage plans. Although the guidelines contained in this practice note are not meant to be exhaustive, it is hoped that they would help secure early approval of drainage plans.

2. APs are welcome to approach the EPD for discussion or clarification in case of doubt regarding any specific environmental design or pollution control issue, preferably as early as possible in the planning stage of a project. However, due to limitations in resources, the EPD does not undertake to vet submission documents prior to a formal submission of drainage plans to the Building Authority. Enquiries can be directed to the Regional Offices of the EPD (Customer Service Hotline at 2838 3111).

**Discharge to Storm Drains and Foul Sewers**

3. Under section 40(1) and 41(1) of the Building (Standards of Sanitary Fitments, Plumbing, Drainage Works and Latrines) Regulations (Cap. 123I), foul water should be discharged to a foul sewer and surface water should be discharged via rainwater pipes to storm water drains.

4. Discharge to foul sewers should always be kept to a minimum in order not to unduly overload the foul sewerage while preventing pollution to the storm water systems. In general, rainwater and uncontaminated cooling water and the like should be discharged to storm water drains but seawater used for the cooling of air-conditioning plants should be discharged directly to sea to avoid overloading the storm water drains. Polluted rainwater should be discharged to storm water drains after removal of the pollutants by appropriate facilities. Domestic wastewater can be discharged to foul sewers without pretreatment while

commercial and industrial wastewater should be pretreated, where necessary, to meet prescribed effluent standards. Proposals to reduce wastewater generation are encouraged, but proposals on effluent reuse should be discussed with the EPD at the early conception stage.

5. The EPD generally sets effluent discharge standards with reference to the Technical Memorandum on Effluent Standards issued under Section 21 of the Water Pollution Control Ordinance except where special circumstances warrant a more stringent standard. The Technical Memorandum lays down comprehensive standards for discharges into all public sewers and drains and all receiving waters, both inland and coastal, and is available at the EPD's website (<http://www.epd.gov.hk>). The following recommendations should be noted:

- (i) Drainage outlets provided in open areas and areas subjected to a substantial amount of wind-blown rain, including open carparks, balconies, podiums, yards, roofs, etc., should be connected to storm water drains.
- (ii) Drainage outlets provided in covered areas receiving wastewater should be discharged to foul sewers.
- (iii) Drainage outlets of verandahs next to kitchens and utilities rooms where a substantial amount of wind-blown rain is not expected should, as far as possible, be connected to foul sewers because of the concern that dwellers might discharge laundry or dishwasher wastewater through these drainage outlets.
- (iv) Subsoil drains of slopes, road embankments and earth retaining structures, and groundwater collection drains for basements, subways and tunnels, and similar drains, should, under normal circumstances, be connected to storm water drains. Silt removal facilities should be provided where necessary. A separate drainage system that connects to foul sewers should be provided to collect wastewater from basements, subways and tunnels and similar areas.
- (v) Swimming pool main drain, footbath main drain and swimming pool make-up tank drain should be connected to storm water drains (except in the Water Gathering Grounds where APs are advised to consult the Water Supplies Department) while the filtration plant backwash should be discharged to foul sewers. Swimming pool drainage layout, filtration plant room drainage layout and filtration plant schematic line diagrams are required to be included in drainage plans. Drainage for fountains and the like should be designed in a similar manner.
- (vi) Drainage in covered carparks, covered lorry loading and unloading areas and covered transport interchanges should be connected to foul sewers via petrol interceptors. Typical details of these petrol interceptors are attached at Appendix A for general reference.

- (vii) Drainage serving open transport interchanges and cargo handling areas should be connected to storm water drains via a petrol interceptor that would allow storm water bypass during peak flow periods. Typical details of such a petrol interceptor prepared by the Highways Department are attached at Appendix B and available at its website (<http://www.hyd.gov.hk>) for general reference.
- (viii) To prevent hazards from sewage overflowing, sewage pump sumps should be provided with a standby pump whose capacity should not be less than any of the duty pumps, and duty pumps should not be required to operate more than 10 on-off cycles per hour. Location of each level switch should be clearly marked on the drainage plans. A minimum distance of 200mm is required between each level switch.
- (ix) Surface water drainage should be provided for discharging storm water off slopes and from open surfaces. Such drainage as collected in open surface channels should be led to storm water drains via silt removal facilities. Runoff in kerb gutters of roads or channels of building platforms should pass through a gully pit with the necessary gratings to prevent objects from entering the storm water drains.
- (x) Amendments made on alteration and addition and resubmission drawings should be clearly marked or coloured on the drainage plans.

### **Drainage of Commercial and Industrial Wastewater**

6. Under section 90 of the Building (Standards of Sanitary Fitments, Plumbing, Drainage Works and Latrines) Regulations (Cap. 123I), suitable treatment facilities may be required to be provided if trade waste may be discharged into any drain or sewer.

7. Whenever the wastewater flow and characteristics of a commercial or industrial development are known or are predictable, details of an appropriate wastewater treatment facility, where necessary to meet prescribed effluent standards, should be included as part of the drainage submission. Dilution as a means of meeting effluent standards is not allowed. APs are advised to confirm the effluent discharge standards with the EPD on a case by case basis before commencing on the design of a wastewater treatment facility. The following recommendations should be noted:

- (i) Drainage plans for industrial buildings, where the users are known, should include the information listed below.
  - (a) nature of business;

- (b) raw material and main products;
  - (c) brief description of production processes, indicating areas where water is used and wastewater is generated;
  - (d) quantity, discharge pattern, composition and characteristics of wastewater;
  - (e) proposed wastewater treatment facility and drainage system;
  - (f) where appropriate, proposed methods of disposal of used chemicals and wastewater sludge and similar waste; and
  - (g) other relevant information.
- (ii) Industrial wastewater treatment plant proposals should at least include:
- (a) a wastewater characteristics report;
  - (b) a design report with detailed hydraulic and process calculations;
  - (c) process and instrumentation diagrams;
  - (d) drawings of the plant layout, plant room details, pipework and equipment;
  - (e) equipment specifications and where possible equipment catalogues; and
  - (f) an operation/maintenance manual.

For more advanced treatment processes or for less common types of industrial wastewater, a treatability study or pilot test report may be required. The wastewater characteristics report should adequately address the fluctuations in wastewater flow and characteristics. A sampling point (and an automatic flow measuring device with non-resettable type totalizer for discharges greater than 50m<sup>3</sup> per day) should be provided at the discharge outlet of the treatment plant. Safety, process control and operational and maintenance requirements should always be taken into consideration in design. Bypass arrangements are not allowed unless well justified.

- (iii) Standby equipment should be provided to guard against failure of major equipment. Neutralization plants should be equipped with standby dosing pumps, a standby acid/alkali dosing system and a pH sensor with visual alarm and graphical recorder. A standby acid dosing system should also be provided

to cater for overdosing of alkali to acidic wastewater and a standby alkali dosing system to cater for overdosing of acid to alkaline wastewater.

- (iv) Wherever practicable, waste minimization should be practised to arrive at an overall optimum production and waste treatment process. Waste heat, metal, oil and chemicals etc. should be recovered wherever practicable.
- (v) Design of drainage for flatted factories, whose users are not known at the time of the drainage plan submission, should follow the recommendation of the Practice Note for Authorized Persons and Registered Structural Engineers: “Pollution from Industrial Buildings - Building (Standards of Sanitary Fitments, Plumbing, Drainage Works and Latrines) Regulation 90” (PNAP: APP – 46) published by the Building Authority.
- (vi) Design of drainage for oil storage installations should follow the recommendations of the ‘Code of Practice for Oil Storage Installations’ published by the Building Authority. The drainage plan submission should include detailed drawings and design calculations.
- (vii) Drainage serving the open area of a petrol filling station should be connected to the storm water drains via a petrol interceptor with storm water bypass (see Appendix B for general reference). Car servicing bays, car wash bays and lubrication bays should as far as possible be located within roofed areas. The drainage in these roofed areas and in other covered areas where such activities may be carried out should be connected to foul sewers via a petrol interceptor (see Appendix A for general reference).
- (viii) The drainage arrangement and oil interceptor design for a power substation should be such that no leaked or spilled oil could escape from the site even in the event of a serious transformer failure, fire, and similar incidents. Contaminated rainwater and fire-fighting water should also be discharged via an adequately designed oil interceptor. The drainage plan submission should include detailed drawings and design calculations.
- (ix) All wastewater collected from a restaurant kitchen or food processing factory, including that from basins, sinks and floor drains, should be discharged via a grease trap capable of providing at least 20 minutes retention during peak flow. A separate grease trap should be provided for each restaurant kitchen or food processing factory as far as possible.. Grease traps are not required for bars and pantries where cooking will not be carried out. Details of the design of a typical grease trap are given at Appendix C for general reference. The EPD has also published a booklet namely “Grease Traps for Restaurants and Food Processors” which provides guidance on the design, operation and maintenance of grease traps and is available at the EPD’s website

(<http://www.epd.gov.hk>).

- (x) Disposal of commercial and industrial wastewater by injection into the ground (e.g. by soakaway pits) is not allowed.

### **Sewage Treatment and Disposal**

8. Under section 40(2) of the Building (Standards of Sanitary Fitments, Plumbing, Drainage Works and Latrines) Regulations (Cap.123I), a septic tank or other approved facility should be provided to dispose of foul water where there is no public sewer in the vicinity.

9. A small sewage treatment plant is only acceptable under circumstances where it is demonstrated that there is no viable alternative (including public sewerage, pumping mains to connect to public foul sewers, upgrading of existing sewerage and the use of a septic tank and soakaway system for small rural populations). Design of small sewage treatment plants should in general meet the requirements given in the “Guidelines for the Design of Small Sewage Treatment Plants” published by the EPD and available at its website (<http://www.epd.gov.hk>). The following recommendations should be noted:

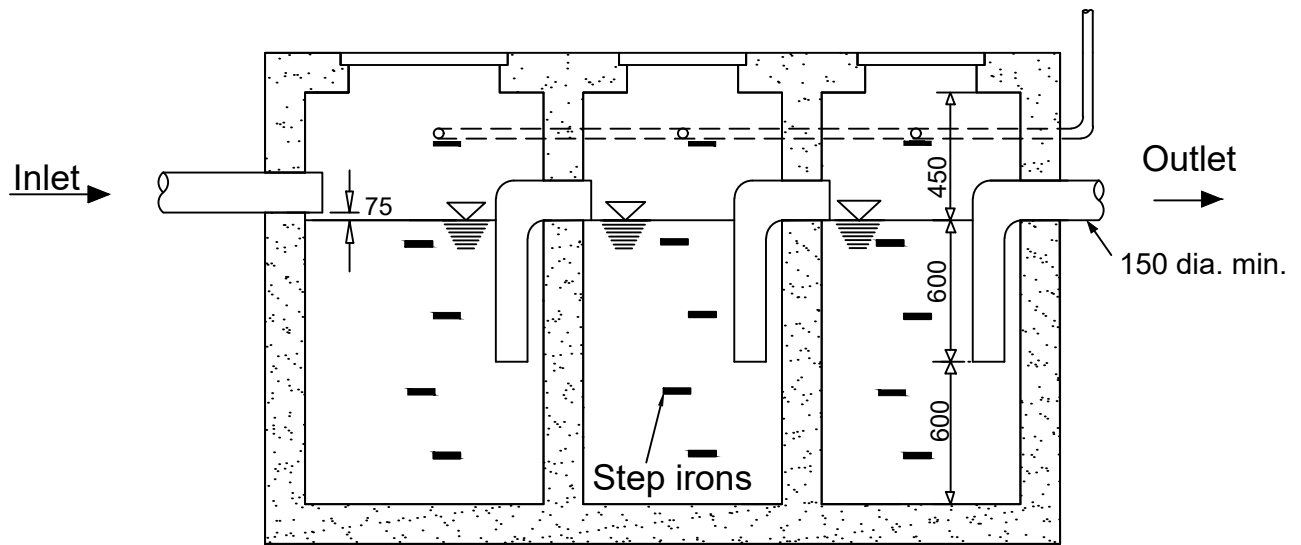
- (i) A sewage treatment plant submission should include all information required in the “Guidelines for the Design of Small Sewage Treatment Plants”. The exact discharge location and effluent discharge standards should be checked with the EPD before commencing on design.
- (ii) Septic tank and soakaway design should meet the minimum requirements given in Appendix D. Drainage plan submissions should include separation distances between soakaway systems and nearby water bodies / structures, percolation test results and detailed design calculations. Please refer to the booklet namely “Guidance Notes on Discharges from Village Houses” published by the EPD (website: <http://www.epd.gov.hk>) for further guidelines on operation and maintenance of septic tank and soakaway system.
- (iii) Design parameters for nitrification, tertiary treatment and nutrient removal should be well supported by relevant information, giving due regard to local influent characteristics and climatic conditions.
- (iv) Where sewage treatment plants are designed to cater for a peak flow of 3 times the daily average flow rate, two duty and one standby pumps should be provided in equalization tanks as far as practicable to limit the flow through the treatment units to within 1.5 times the daily average flow rate during off-peak periods. This is to even out the flow as much as possible.

- (v) Provisions should be made for future connections to public foul sewers when such is available in the vicinity.

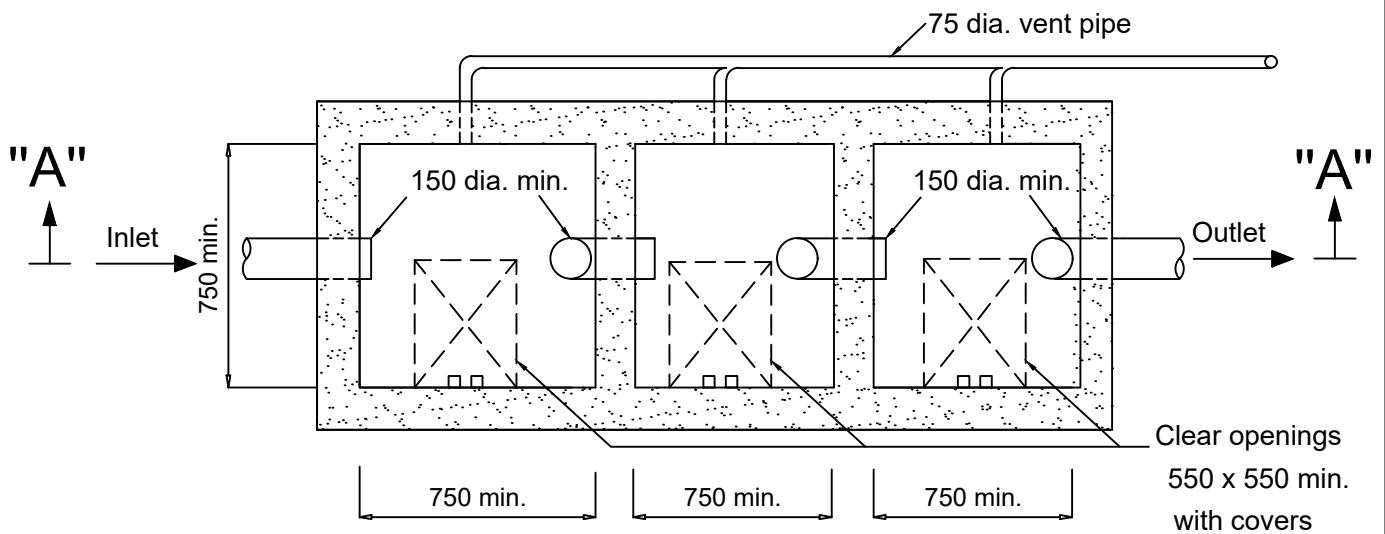


(Samuel H.K. Chui)  
Director of Environmental Protection

Environmental Protection Department  
Issued: November 2023



**SECTION A-A**



**PLAN**

Note:

1. All dimensions are in millimetres (mm)

TYPICAL DETAILS OF  
A PETROL INTERCEPTOR

DRAWING NO.  
EP 50/D1/1/01

DATE  
1/23

SCALE  
NTS

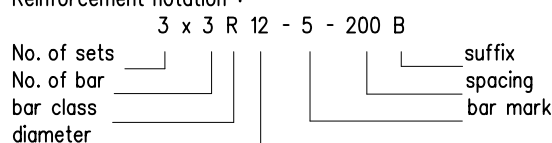
ENVIRONMENTAL  
PROTECTION  
DEPARTMENT  
HONG KONG



## GENERAL NOTES :

1. The petrol interceptor is designed to provide at least 20 minutes retention to 5-10% of the maximum runoff collected by the transport interchange in a 1 in 2 year rainstorm.
2. All dimensions are in millimetres.
3. Concrete to be grade 30/20.
4. Reinforcement shall comply to BS4449 and shall be bent in accordance with BS8666.
5. Cover to reinforcement to be 50mm unless otherwise specified.

## 6. Reinforcement notation :



bar class : R = GRADE 250 PLAIN ROUND STEEL BAR

suffix : T = TOP

B = BOTTOM

NF = NEAR FACE

FF = FAR FACE

EF = EACH FACE

7. Minimum lap length : 40 diameter of bar for mild steel plain bar.
8. Structural steelwork shall be grade S275 to BS EN 10025 unless otherwise specified.
9. All fillet welds to be 6mm unless otherwise specified.
10. Stainless steel access ladder to be of minimum grade 1.4401 to BS EN 10088.
11. For RSJ connections, see DSD Standard Drawing DS1031.
12. For details of treatment to the top of petrol interceptor, see DSD Standard Drawing DS1032 for flexible road surface and Highway Standard Drawing H1111 & H1112 for concrete road slab.
13. For details of cover to access opening and desilting opening, see DSD standard drawing DS1034.

B	General revision		Oct 22
A	General revision		Nov 02
	Former drg. no. H3028/1A with general revision		Jun 94
REF.	REVISION	SIGNATURE	DATE

**PETROL INTERCEPTOR  
 FOR OPEN PUBLIC  
 TRANSPORT INTERCHANGE  
 (SHEET 1 OF 11)**

**HIGHWAYS DEPARTMENT**

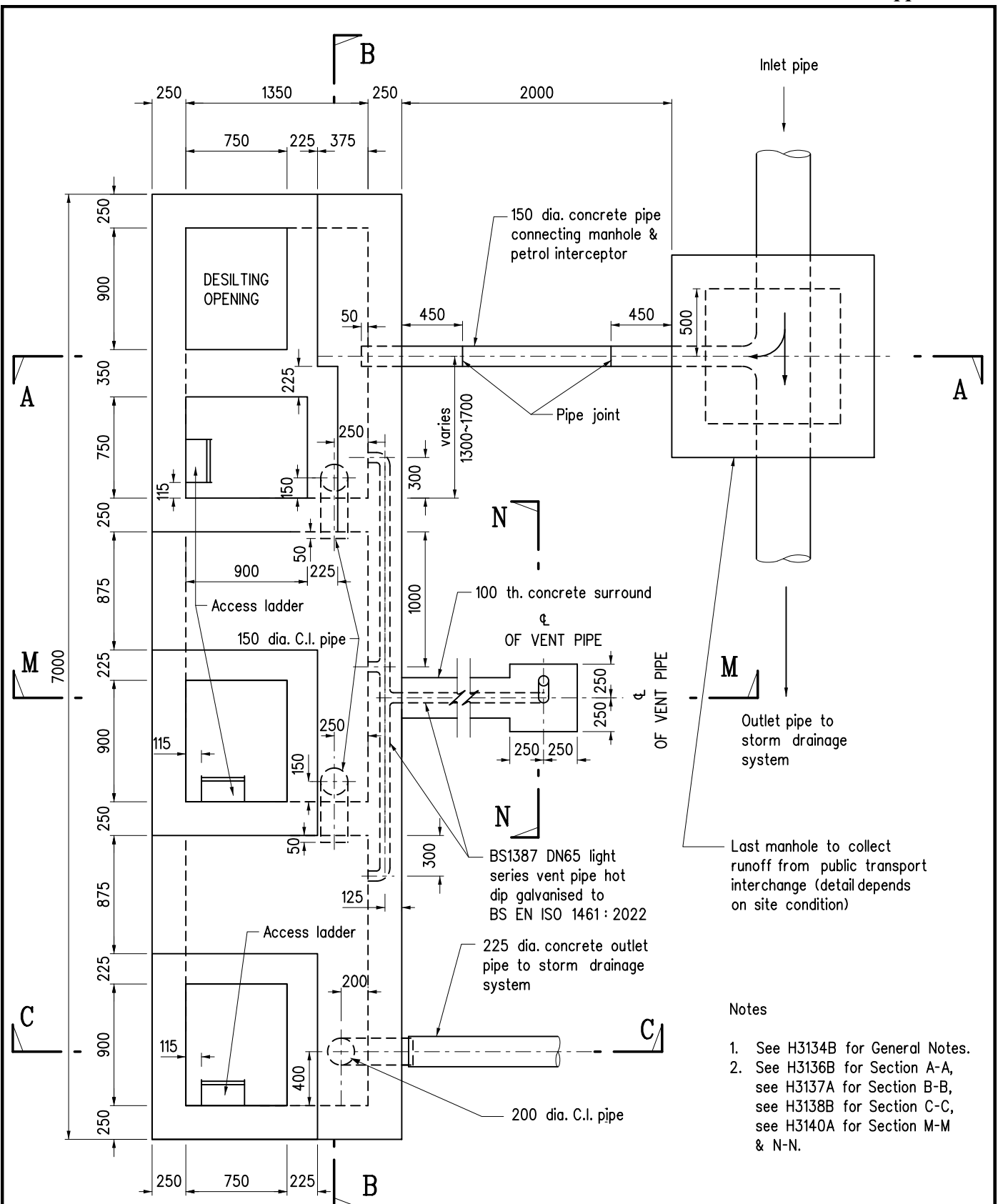
REFERENCE

DRAWING No.

CAD

SCALE

**H 3134B**



PLAN

3 compartment petrol interceptor shown, for required no. of compartments, see table 1 in drg. no. H3136B

Notes

1. See H3134B for General Notes.
2. See H3136B for Section A-A, see H3137A for Section B-B, see H3138B for Section C-C, see H3140A for Section M-M & N-N.

C	General revision		Oct 22
B	Standard for hot dip galvanising updated		Sep 07
A	General revision		Nov 02
	Former drg. no. H3028/2A with general revision		Jun 94
REF.	REVISION	SIGNATURE	DATE

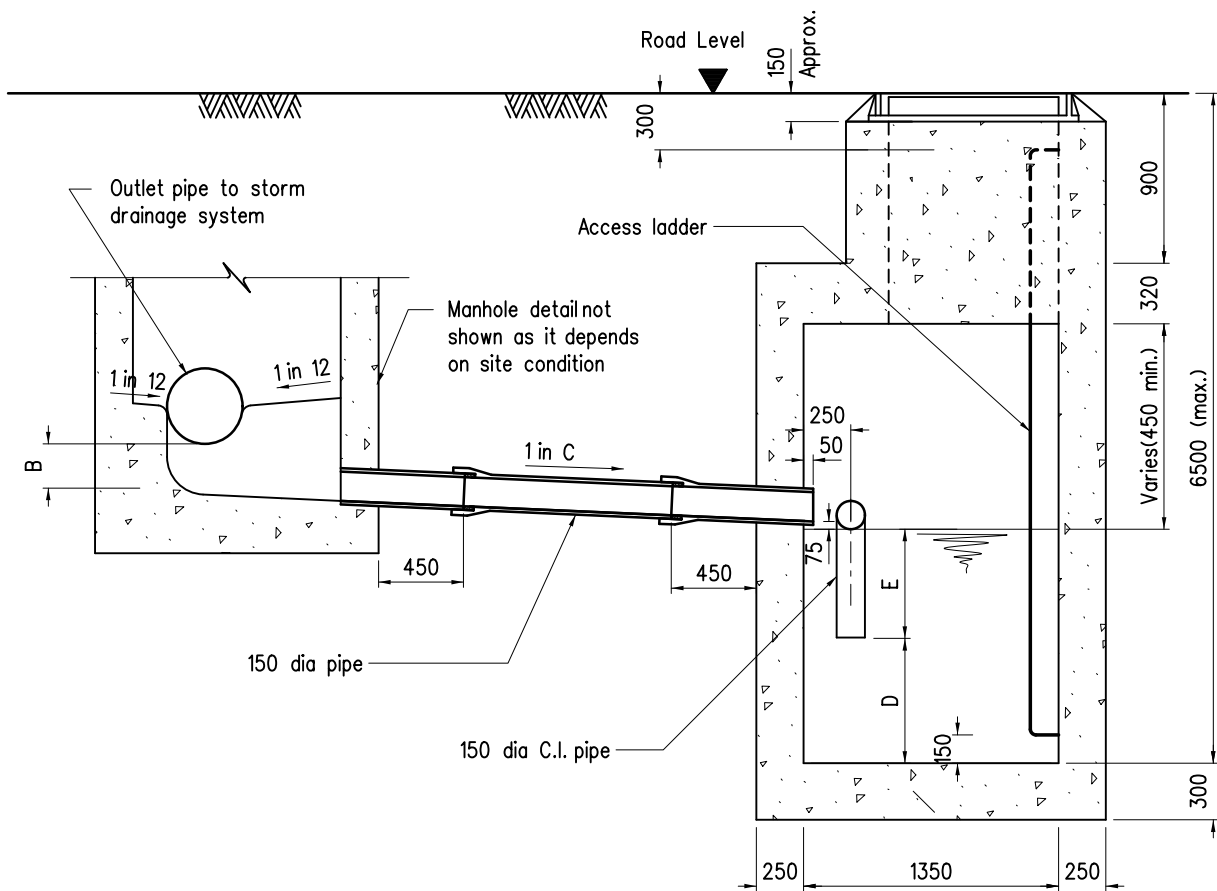
**PETROL INTERCEPTOR  
FOR OPEN PUBLIC  
TRANSPORT INTERCHANGE  
(SHEET 2 OF 11)**

**HIGHWAYS DEPARTMENT**

REFERENCE	DRAWING No.	CAD
SCALE	H 3135C	
Diagrammatic		

CATCHMENT AREA OF THE PUBLIC TRANSPORT INTERCHANGE A ( m <sup>2</sup> )	LEVEL DIFFERENCE OF THE 2 OUTLET PIPES IN THE LAST MANHOLE B ( mm )	FALL OF INLET AND OUTLET PIPE OF PETROL INTERCEPTOR C	D ( mm )	E ( mm )	NO. OF COMPARTMENT
A ≤ 1000	60	200	500	400	2
1000 < A ≤ 2000	90	200	600	400	3
2000 < A ≤ 3000	150	200	550	600	4
3000 < A ≤ 4000	150	100	725	600	4

TABLE 1



SECTION A - A

Note :

See H3134B for general notes.

B	General revision		Oct 22
A	General revision		Nov 02
	Former drg. no. H3028/3A with general revision		Jun 94
REF.	REVISION	SIGNATURE	DATE

PETROL INTERCEPTOR  
FOR OPEN PUBLIC  
TRANSPORT INTERCHANGE  
(SHEET 3 OF 11)

HIGHWAYS DEPARTMENT

REFERENCE

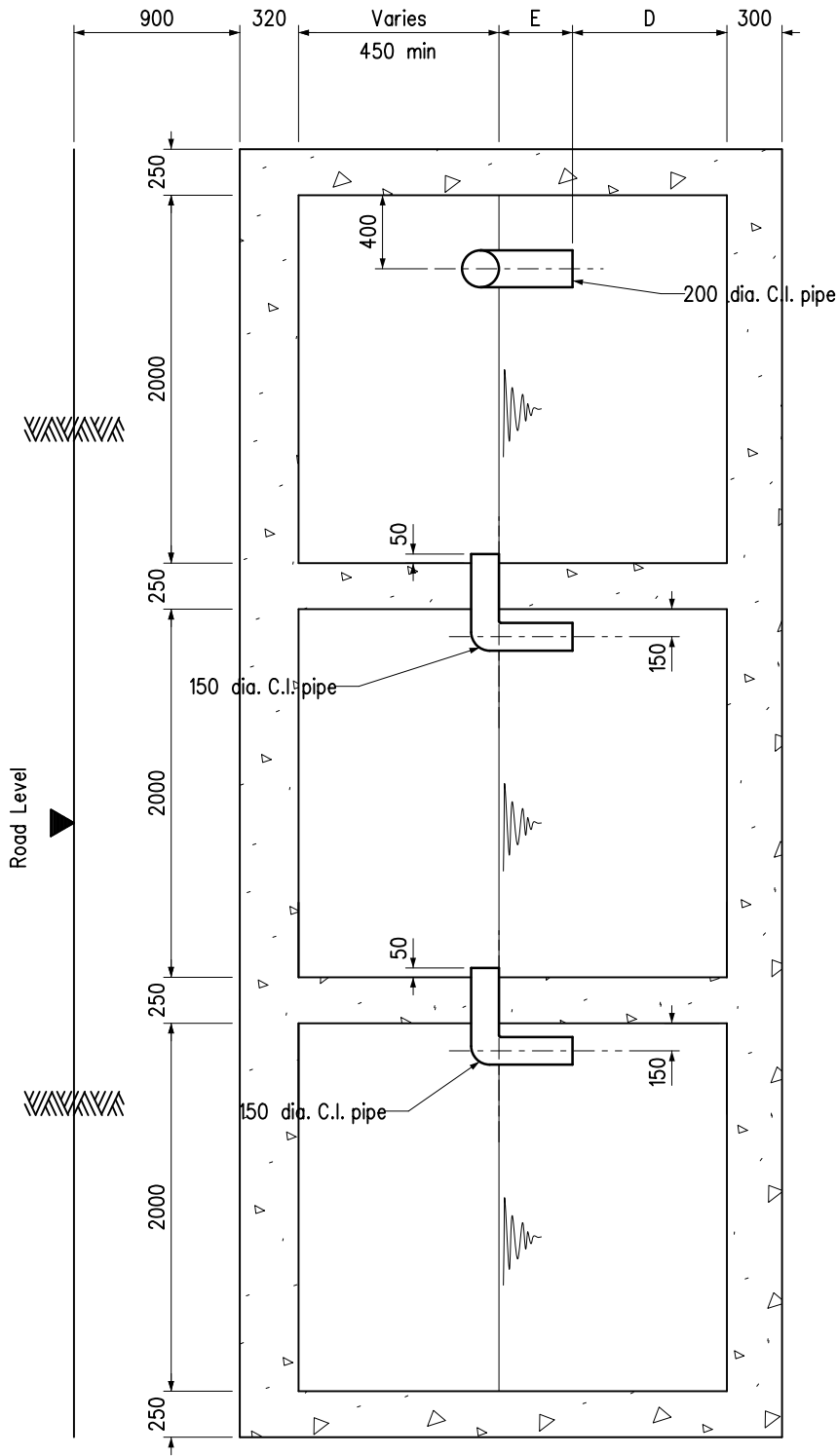
DRAWING No.

CAD

SCALE

Diagrammatic

H 3136B



**SECTION B - B**

( 3 compartment petrol interceptor shown )

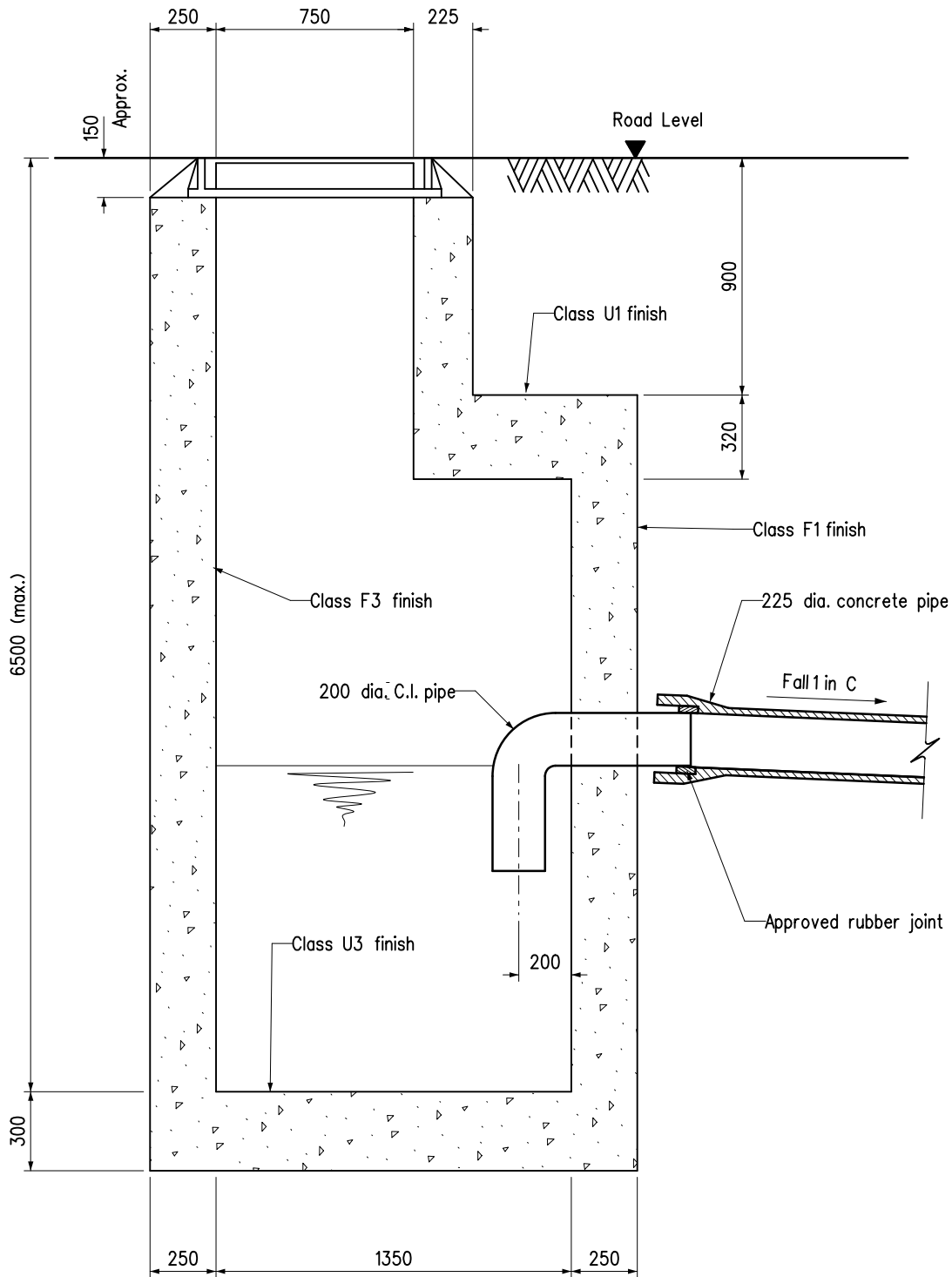
Note :  
See H3134B for general notes.

A	General revision		Oct 22
	Former drg. no. H3028/4A with general revision		Jun 94
REF.	REVISION	SIGNATURE	DATE

**PETROL INTERCEPTOR  
FOR OPEN PUBLIC  
TRANSPORT INTERCHANGE  
(SHEET 4 OF 11)**

**HIGHWAYS DEPARTMENT**

REFERENCE	DRAWING No.	CAD
SCALE Diagrammatic	<b>H 3137A</b>	



SECTION C - C

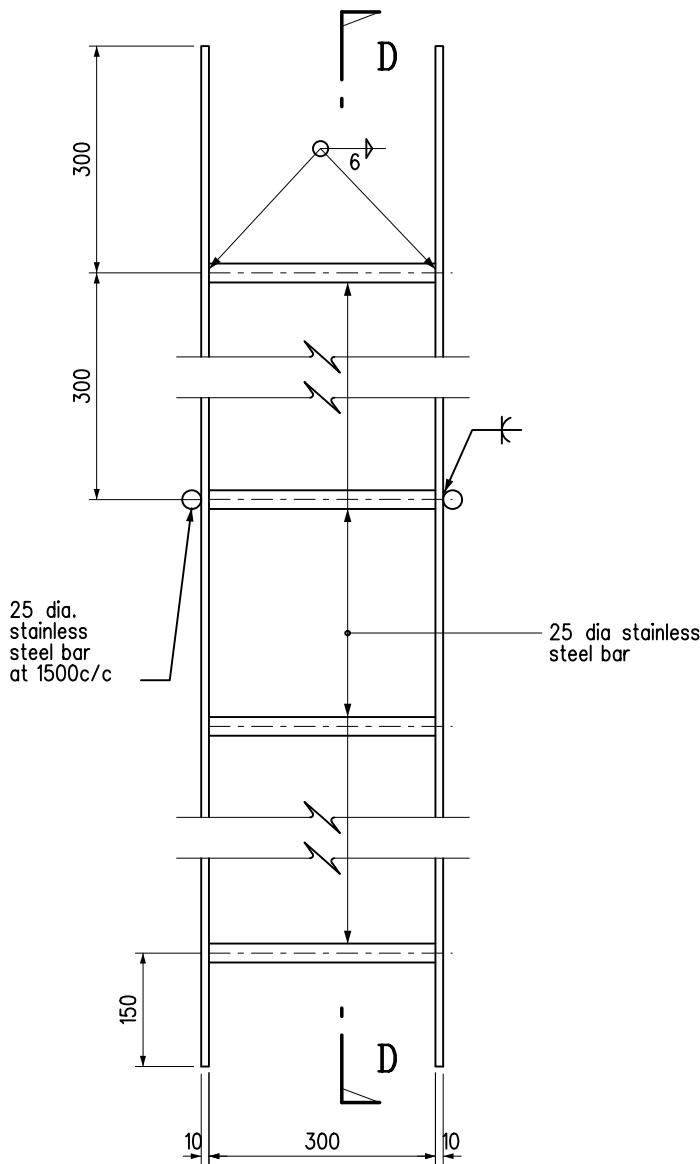
Note :  
See H3134B for general notes.

B	General revision		Oct 22
A	General revision		Nov 02
	Former drg. no. H3028/5A with general revision		Jun 94
REF.	REVISION	SIGNATURE	DATE

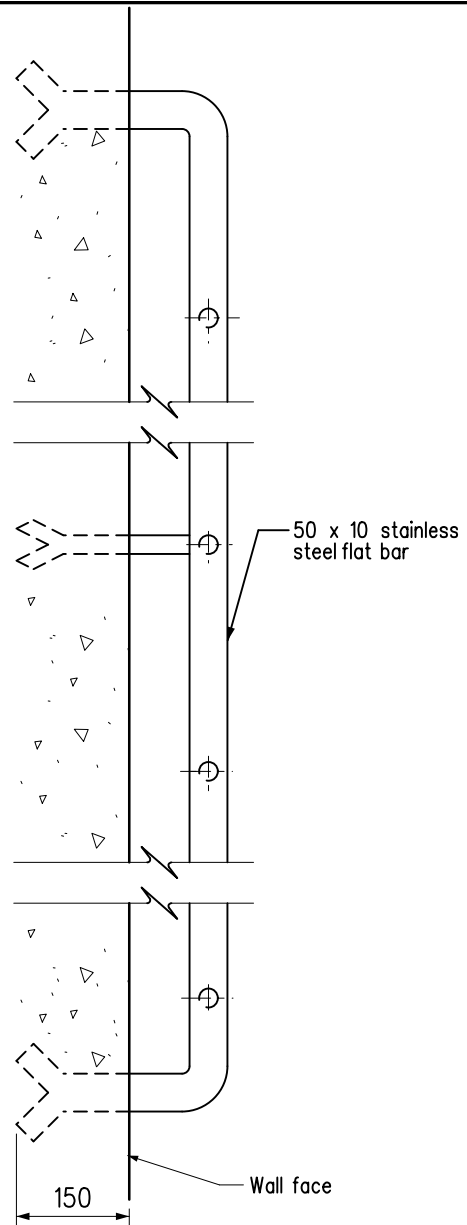
PETROL INTERCEPTOR  
FOR OPEN PUBLIC  
TRANSPORT INTERCHANGE  
(SHEET 5 OF 11)

HIGHWAYS DEPARTMENT

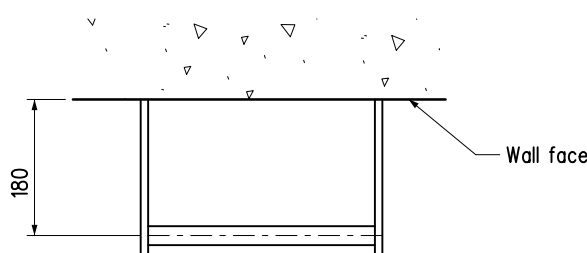
REFERENCE	DRAWING No.	CAD
SCALE 1: 25	H 3138B	



ELEVATION



SECTION D - D



PLAN

ACCESS LADDER

Note :

See H3134B for general notes

B	General revision		Oct 22
A	General revision		Nov 02
	Former drg. no. H3028/6A with general revision		Jun 94
REF.	REVISION	SIGNATURE	DATE

PETROL INTERCEPTOR  
FOR OPEN PUBLIC  
TRANSPORT INTERCHANGE  
(SHEET 6 OF 11)

HIGHWAYS DEPARTMENT

REFERENCE

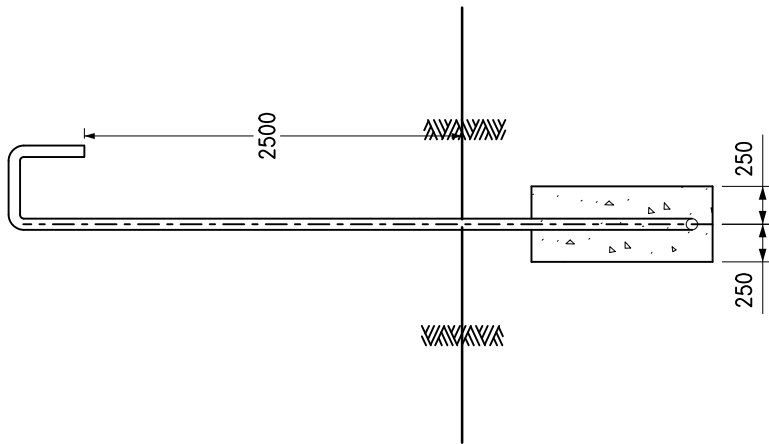
DRAWING No.

CAD

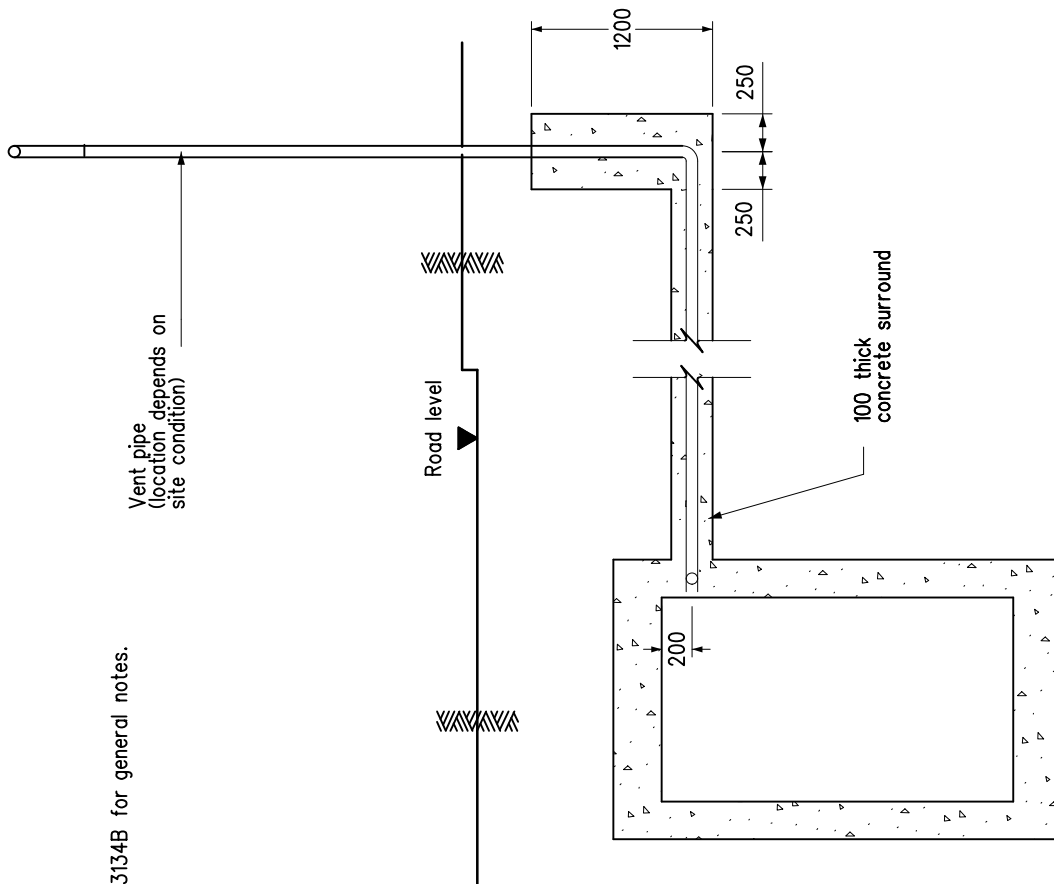
SCALE

1 : 10

H 3139B



SECTION N - N



SECTION M - M

Note :  
See H3134B for general notes.

Vent pipe  
(location depends on  
site condition)

Road level

100 thick  
concrete surround

A	General revision		Oct 22
	Former drg. no. H3028/7A with general revision		Jun 94
REF.	REVISION	SIGNATURE	DATE

PETROL INTERCEPTOR  
FOR OPEN PUBLIC  
TRANSPORT INTERCHANGE  
(SHEET 7 OF 11)

HIGHWAYS DEPARTMENT

REFERENCE

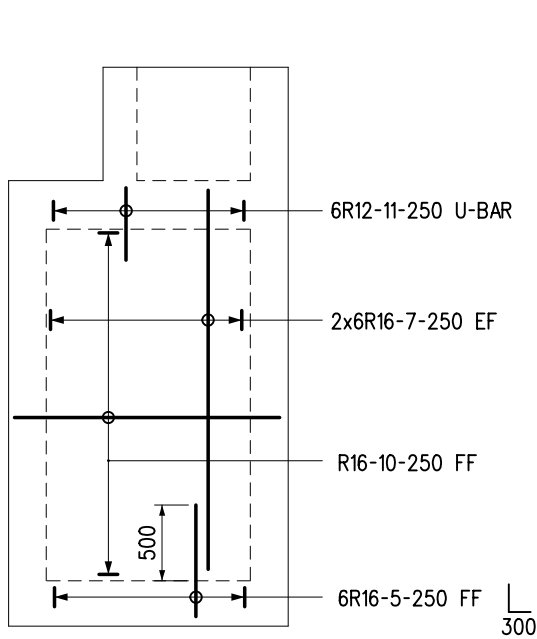
DRAWING No.

CAD

SCALE

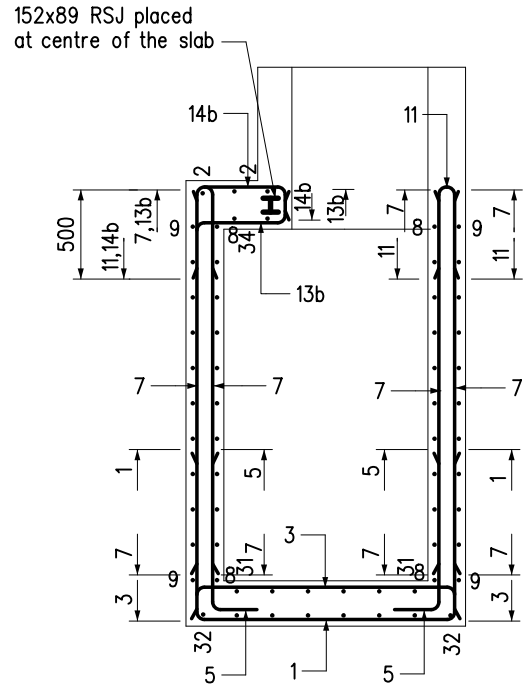
Diagrammatic

H 3140A

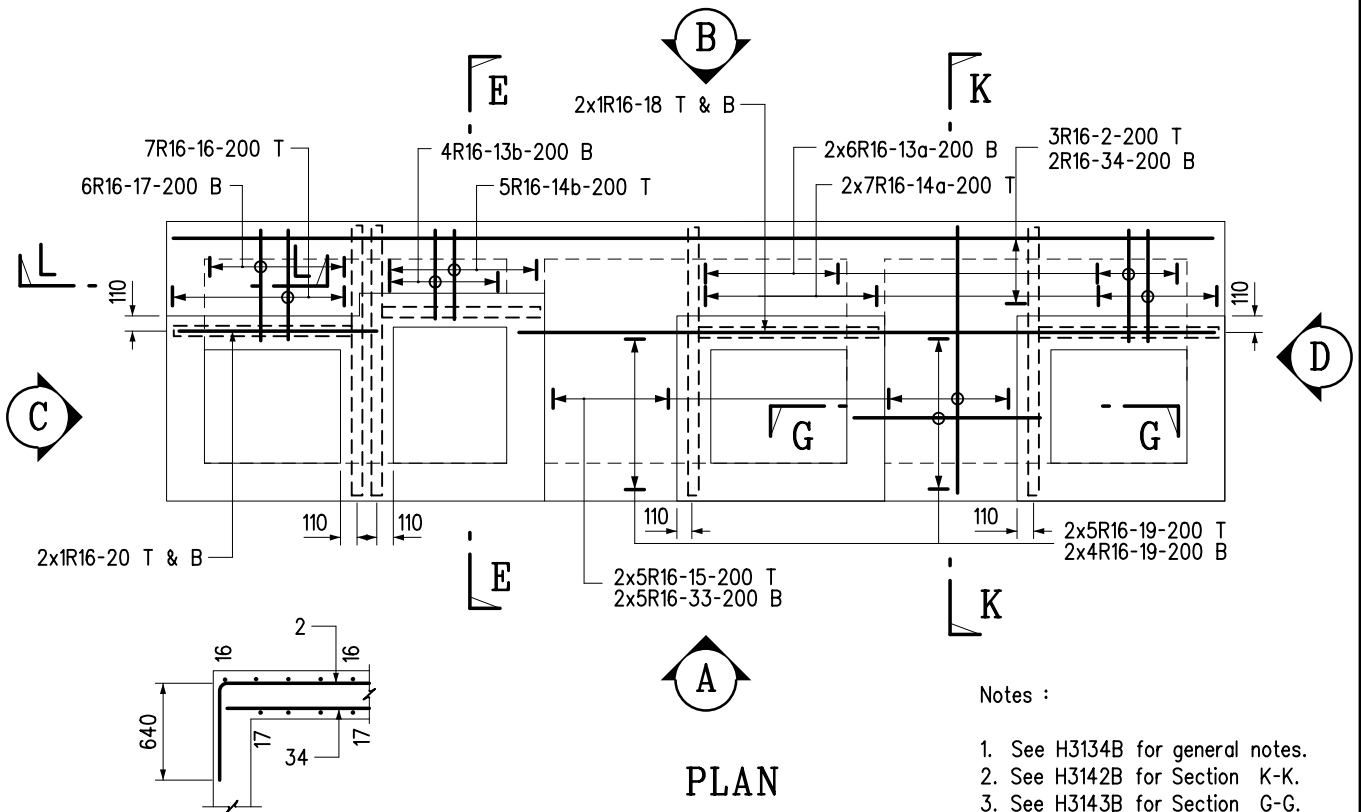


VIEW C

view D similar but opp. handed



SECTION E - E



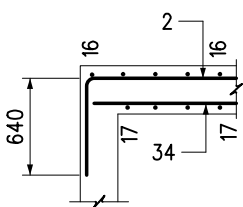
PLAN

Notes :

1. See H3134B for general notes.
2. See H3142B for Section K-K.
3. See H3143B for Section G-G.

SECTION L - L

wall bars not shown for clarity



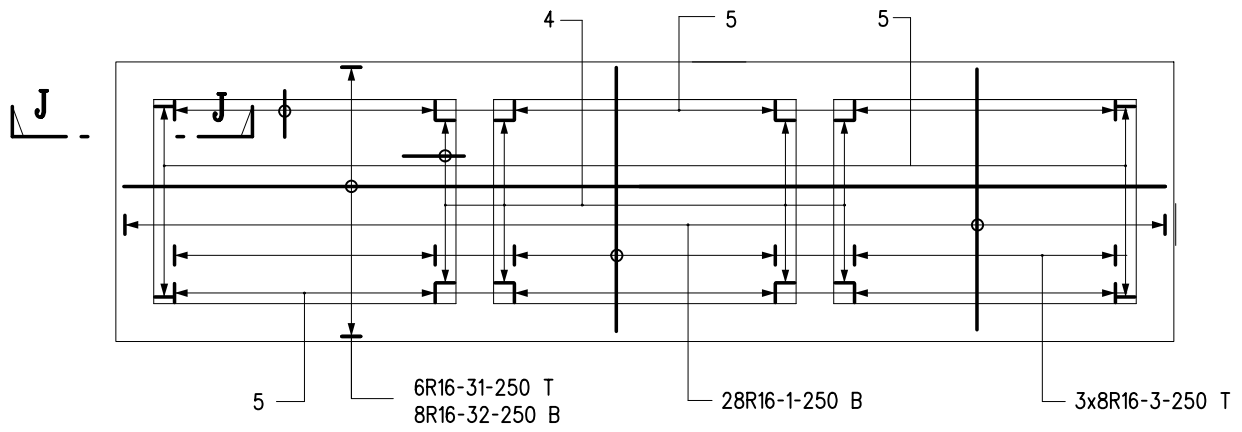
B	General revision		Oct 22
A	General revision		Nov 02
	Former drg. no. H3028/8A with general revision		Jun 94
REF.	REVISION	SIGNATURE	DATE

PETROL INTERCEPTOR  
FOR OPEN PUBLIC  
TRANSPORT INTERCHANGE  
(SHEET 8 OF 11)

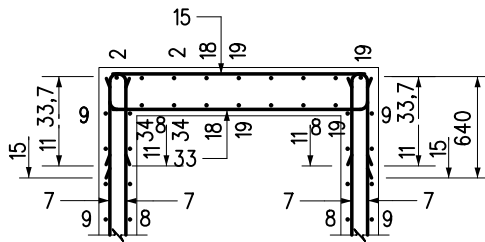
HIGHWAYS DEPARTMENT

REFERENCE	DRAWING No.	CAD
SCALE	H 3141B	
1:50		

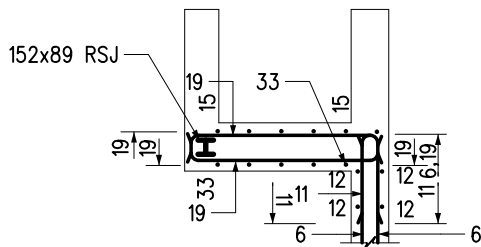




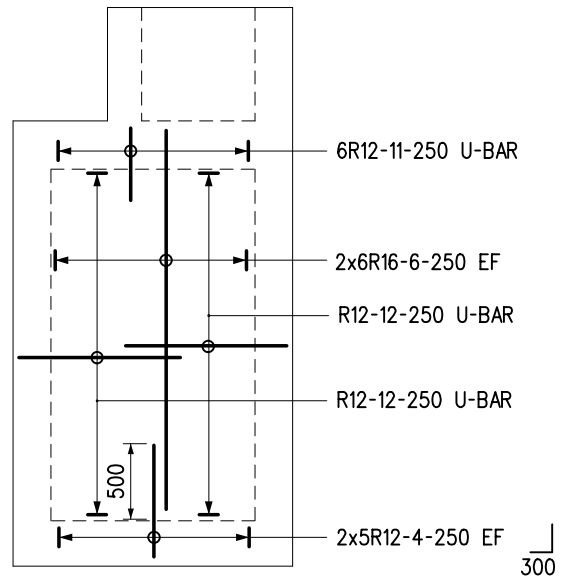
BASE SLAB



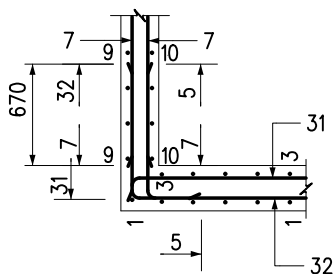
SECTION F - F



SECTION G - G



INTERNAL WALL



SECTION J - J

Notes :

See H3134B for general notes.

B	General revision		Oct 22
A	General revision		Nov 02
	Former drg. no. H3028/10A with general revision		Jun 94
REF.	REVISION	SIGNATURE	DATE

PETROL INTERCEPTOR  
FOR OPEN PUBLIC  
TRANSPORT INTERCHANGE  
(SHEET 10 OF 11)

HIGHWAYS DEPARTMENT

REFERENCE

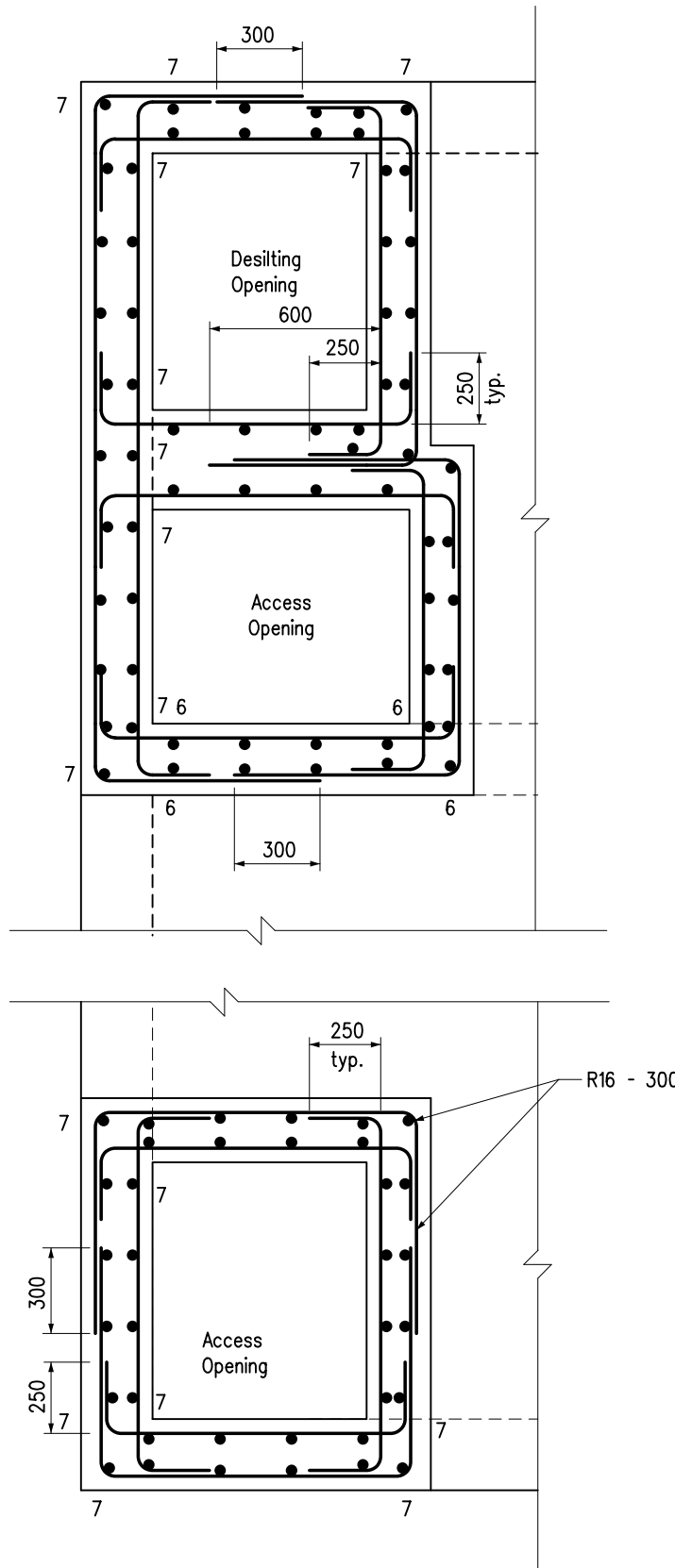
DRAWING No.

CAD

SCALE

1 : 50

H 3143B



Notes :

1. See H3134B for general notes.
2. All horizontal and vertical bars are R16 at 300 c/c except otherwise specified.
3. Bars with mark 6 and 7 are bars from walls in chambers below shafts (see Sect. H-H drg. no. H3142B)

### SECTIONAL PLANS

reinforcement details for access shafts

B	General revision		Oct 22
A	General revision		Nov 02
	New issue		Jun 94
REF.	REVISION	SIGNATURE	DATE

PETROL INTERCEPTOR  
FOR OPEN PUBLIC  
TRANSPORT INTERCHANGE  
(SHEET 11 OF 11)

HIGHWAYS DEPARTMENT

REFERENCE

DRAWING No.

CAD

SCALE

1 : 25

H 3144B

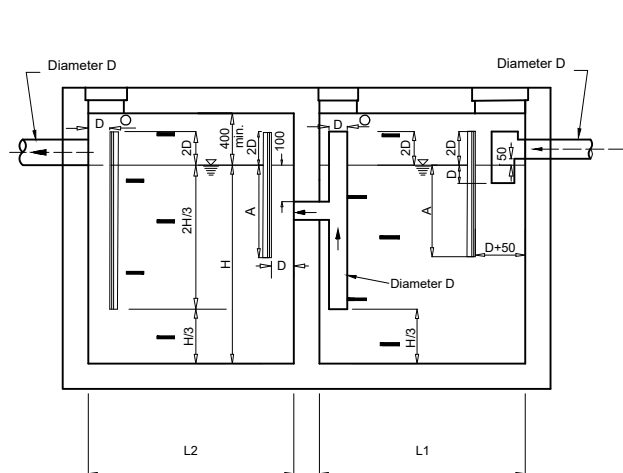
Grease Traps

(See Drawing no. EP/50/L1/1/01A for typical details of a grease trap)

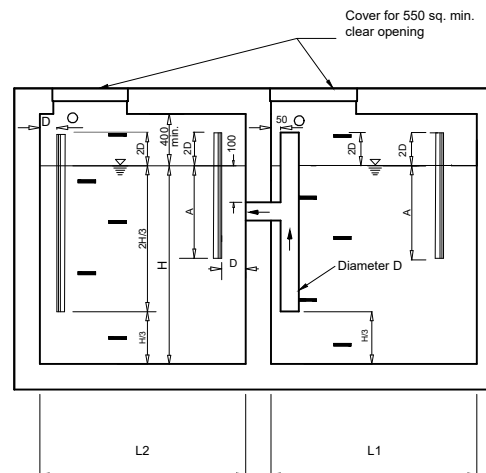
<u>Kitchen Floor Area</u> (m <sup>2</sup> )	<u>Peaking Factor</u>	<u>Minimum Required Grease Trap Retention Volume</u> (m <sup>3</sup> )
12	5.5	0.7
24	4.3	1.1
50	3.0	1.6
100	2.4	2.5
150		3.3
200	1.85	4.0
250		4.7
300		5.4
350		6.1
400	1.62	6.7
450		7.3
500		7.8
550		8.3
600	1.38	8.7
650		9.1
700		9.4
750		9.7
800	1.15	10.0
850		10.2
900	1.03	10.3
1000	1.0	10.4

Notes

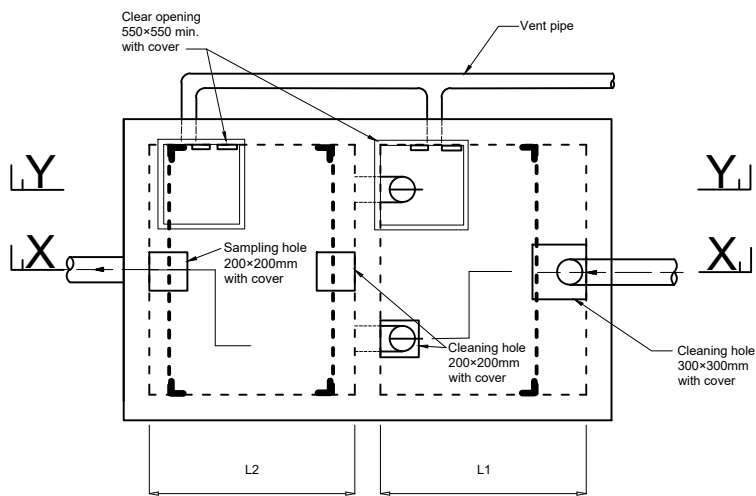
1. The minimum required grease trap retention volume tabulated above is based on an average water consumption of 0.5 m<sup>3</sup> per day per m<sup>2</sup> of kitchen floor area, and an average working day of 16 working hours. A larger grease trap should be provided if a higher water discharge intensity is anticipated.
2. For kitchen floor areas in between the listed values, the minimum required grease trap retention volume can be calculated pro-rata.
3. For kitchen floor areas smaller than 12 m<sup>2</sup>, a grease trap with retention volume 0.7 m<sup>3</sup> should be provided unless the adequacy of a smaller grease trap can be demonstrated.
4. Depending on the actual operation of the proposed food premises, additional installations might be required to meet the standards given in the Technical Memorandum on Effluent Standards issued under section 21 of the Water Pollution Control Ordinance Cap.358.



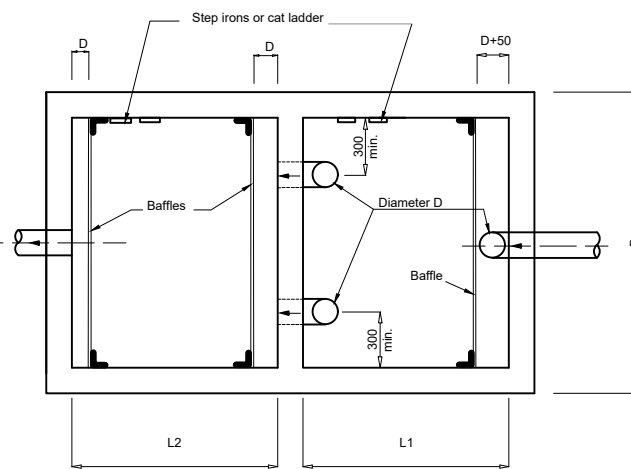
SECTION X-X



SECTION Y-Y



PLAN



SECTIONAL PLAN

TYPICAL DETAILS OF A GREASE TRAP

Notes:

1. All dimensions are in millimeters unless otherwise stated
2.  $Volume = B (L_1 + L_2) H$
3.  $750 \leq B \leq L_1 \leq L_2 \leq 1800$
4.  $600 \leq H \leq 1200$   
For kitchen floor areas  $\geq 50m^2$ , H should be 900 minimum
5.  $L_1 + L_2 = L_T$   
 $2.0 \leq L_T / H \leq 3.0$   
 $1500 \leq B \times L_T / H \leq 4000$
6.  $A = H/2$  but not greater than 450
7. No. of pipes through the middle partition wall should be such that the velocity inside the pipes is not greater than 0.2 m/s
8. Gradient of inlet pipe  $> 1$  in 10
9. Horizontal pipe between the last drainage fitment and the grease trap should not be longer than 10m. Where this cannot be achieved, the gradient of the pipe should be increased and rodding eyes should also be provided
10. Minimum diameter of inlet pipes 100mm
11. Minimum diameter of vent pipes 75mm
12. Reinforced concrete grease traps should be designed as liquid retaining structure with maximum surface crack widths 0.2 mm
13. Grease traps should be easily accessible, allowing covers to be lifted and accumulated materials removed
14. A prominent sign should be erected adjacent to the grease trap to signify the location of the grease trap and should also contain the following information:
  - a) overall depth of the grease trap
  - b) liquid depth of the grease trap
  - c) the grease trap needs cleaning when the top 200mm of liquid depth is occupied by grease
  - d) warning signs and safety barriers should be erected around the manhole openings during cleaning and maintenance of the grease trap

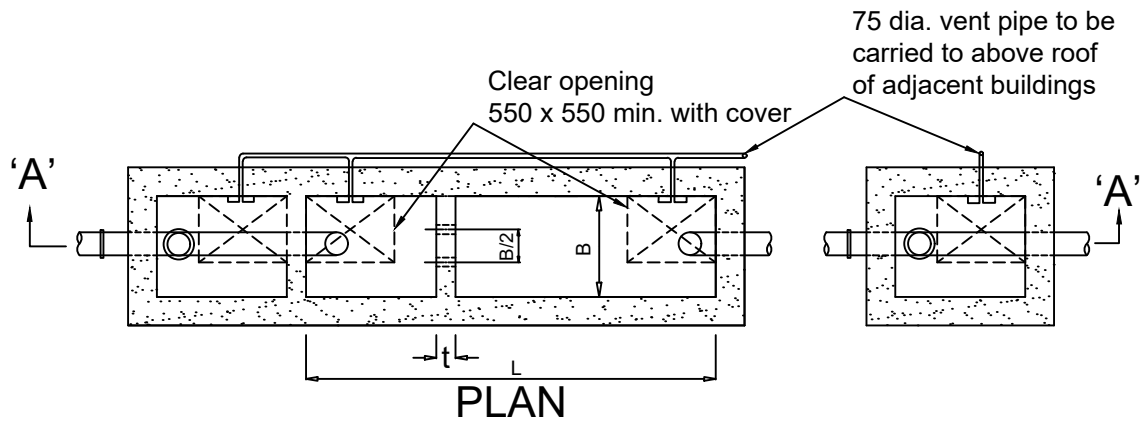
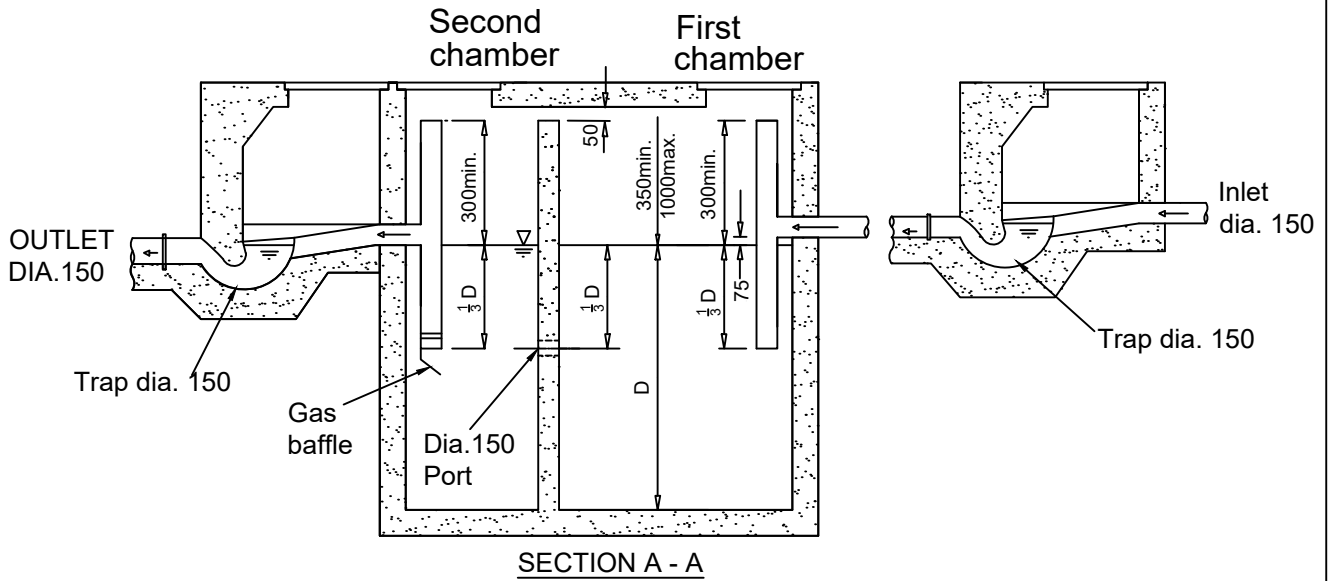
DRAWING NO.  
EP50/L1/1/01A

DATE  
1/23

SCALE  
NTS

Environmental  
Protection  
Department  
Hong Kong





**Notes:-**

1. All dimensions in millimetres (mm) unless otherwise stated.
2. Size
  - (a)  $4B \geq L > 3B$
  - (b)  $1800 \text{ mm} \geq D > 1200 \text{ mm}$
  - (c) Ratio of volumes of first and second chambers = 2 : 1
3. Capacity (Subject to note 2)
  - (a) Capacity,  $C = (L - t) \times B \times D$
  - (b) Not less than  $2.3 \text{ m}^3$  but not more than  $41 \text{ m}^3$
  - (c) Not less than  $QN$  where  $N$  is the number of persons served and  $Q$  is the estimated ultimate per capita daily water consumption.
  - (d) Surface water must not be connected to the tank
  - (e) Tank to be desludged every 6 months
4. No overflow or bypass pipe is allowed.
5. Please refer to the booklet "Guidance Notes on Discharges from Village Houses" published by EPD for further guidelines on operation and maintenance of septic tank system.

**SEPTIC TANK**

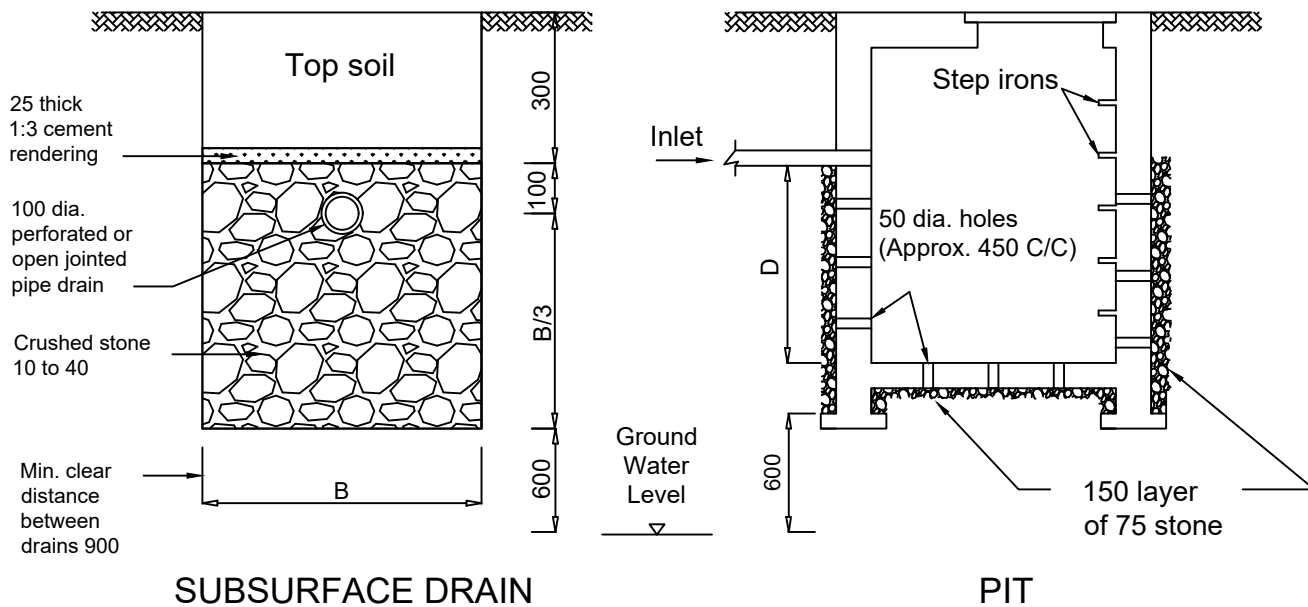
DRAWING NO.:  
**EP 50/D1/5/01**

DATE  
1/23

SCALE  
NTS

ENVIRONMENTAL  
PROTECTION  
DEPARTMENT  
HONG KONG





**Notes:-**

F<sup>±</sup> All dimensions in millimetres (mm) unless otherwise stated

G<sup>±</sup> Percolation test for determining absorption capacity of soil

- G<sup>±</sup> D Excavate a hole 300 mm<sup>2</sup> to the same depth of the pit or trench.
- G<sup>±</sup> D Fill the hole with approximately 150 mm of water and allow to seep away completely.
- G<sup>±</sup> D Refill the hole with water to a depth of 150 mm and observe the time, in minutes, for water to seep completely away.
- G<sup>±</sup> D Divide the time by 6 to give time taken to fall 25 mm for use in table below.

H<sup>±</sup> Allowable loading of soakaway systems

Time in minutes for water to fall 25 mm in test pit	Allowable loading in litres per m <sup>2</sup> per day	
	Drain Trench Bottom Area	Pit Percolation Area
1 or less	163	216
2	130	175
5	98	130
10	69	94
30	33	45

The total allowable loading per day should equate with the daily incoming flow

4. Minimum clearance requirements for soakaway systems

<b>Water Bodies</b>	Distance from Soakaway Systems (m)	
Wells	50	
Stream (where the bed is lower than invert of soakaway system)	15 (30)*	* These distances should be increased to distances shown in brackets if the water from the stream or pool is used or likely to be used for drinking or domestic purposes
Pools	7.5 (30)*	
Beaches	100	(From boundaries of gazetted beaches or bathing beach subzones of Water Control Zones)
	30	(From H.W.M. and from nearest watercourses for other cases)
Ground water table	0.6	(Below invert)
<b>Structures</b>		
Building	3	
Retaining walls	6	
Cuts or embankments	30	
Paths	1.5	

5. Engineering measures, such as: (i) soil replacement to help improve the soil absorption capacity through changing the characteristics and associated composition of soil; (ii) mound system or diversion of soakaway path, etc., may be used to address site constraints (e.g. inadequate absorption capacity of soil, high ground water table, etc.).

<h1>SOIL SOAKAWAY SYSTEM</h1>	DRAWING NO. <b>EP 50/D1/5/02</b>		
	DATE <b>1/23</b>	SCALE <b>NTS</b>	ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION DEPARTMENT HONG KONG



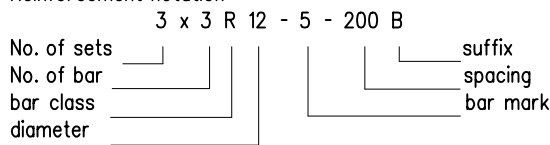
## **Appendix D**

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Highways Department Standard Drawings  
Of Petrol Interceptor  
(H3134 – H3144)  
(for reference only)

## GENERAL NOTES :

1. The petrol interceptor is designed to provide at least 20 minutes retention to 5-10% of the maximum runoff collected by the transport interchange in a 1 in 2 year rainstorm.
2. All dimensions are in millimetres.
3. Concrete to be grade 30/20.
4. Reinforcement shall comply to BS4449 and shall be bent in accordance with BS8666.
5. Cover to reinforcement to be 50mm unless otherwise specified.
6. Reinforcement notation :



bar class : R = GRADE 250 PLAIN ROUND STEEL BAR  
 suffix : T = TOP  
           B = BOTTOM  
           NF = NEAR FACE  
           FF = FAR FACE  
           EF = EACH FACE

7. Minimum lap length : 40 diameter of bar for mild steel plain bar.
8. Structural steelwork shall be grade S275 to BS EN 10025 unless otherwise specified.
9. All fillet welds to be 6mm unless otherwise specified.
10. Stainless steel access ladder to be of minimum grade 1.4401 to BS EN 10088.
11. For RSJ connections, see DSD Standard Drawing DS1031.
12. For details of treatment to the top of petrol interceptor, see DSD Standard Drawing DS1032 for flexible roadsurface and Highway Standard Drawing H1111 & H1112 for concrete road slab.
13. For details of cover to access opening and desilting opening, see DSD standard drawing DS1034.

B	General revision		Oct 22
A	General revision		Nov 02
	Former drg. no. H3028/1A with general revision		Jun 94
REF.	REVISION	SIGNATURE	DATE

**PETROL INTERCEPTOR  
 FOR OPEN PUBLIC  
 TRANSPORT INTERCHANGE  
 (SHEET 1 OF 11)**

**HIGHWAYS DEPARTMENT**

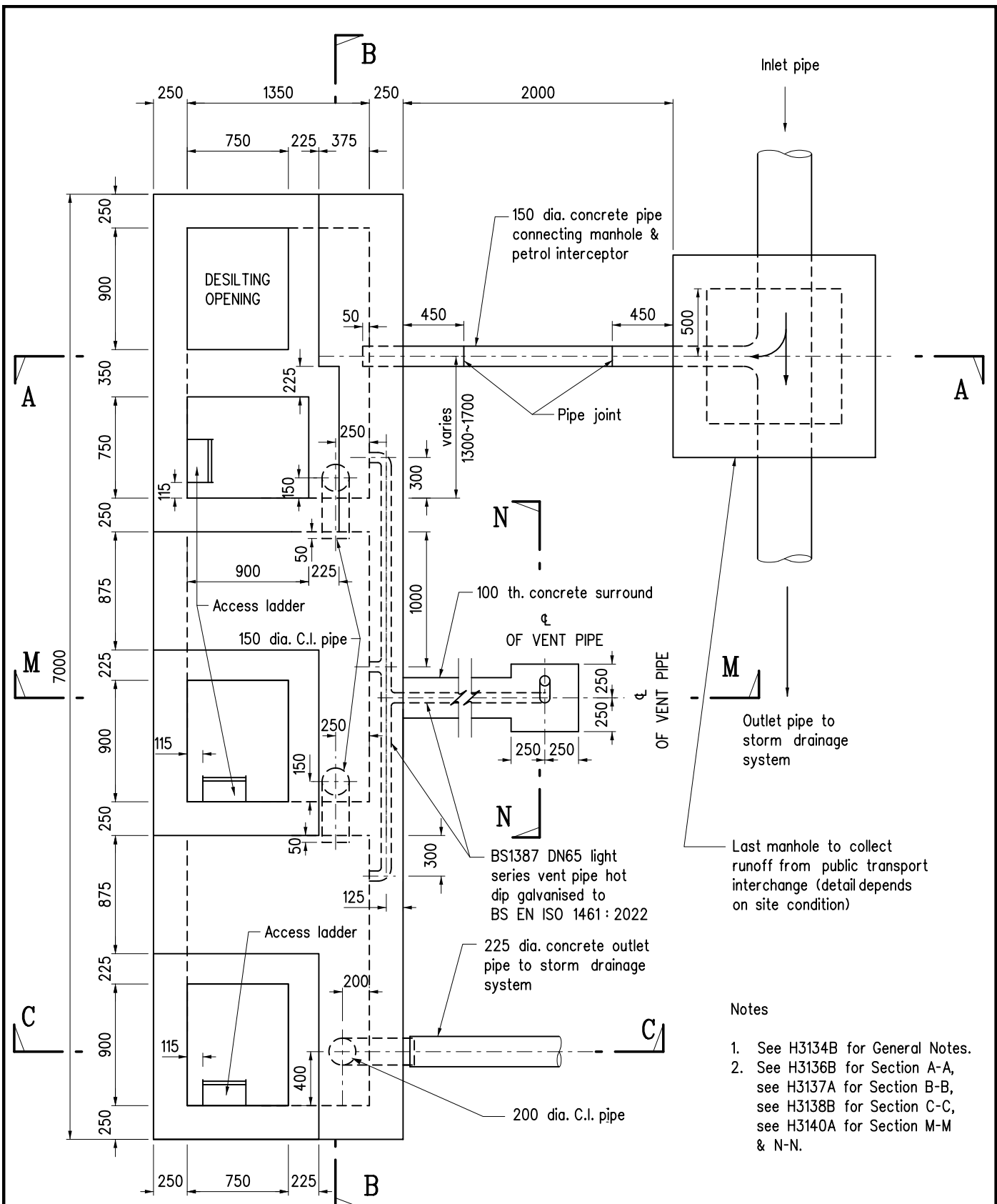
REFERENCE

DRAWING No.

CAD

SCALE

**H 3134B**



**PLAN**

3 compartment petrol interceptor shown, for required no. of compartments, see table 1 in drg. no. H3136B

**Notes**

1. See H3134B for General Notes.
2. See H3136B for Section A-A, see H3137A for Section B-B, see H3138B for Section C-C, see H3140A for Section M-M & N-N.

C	General revision		Oct 22
B	Standard for hot dip galvanising updated		Sep 07
A	General revision		Nov 02
	Former drg. no. H3028/2A with general revision		Jun 94
REF.	REVISION	SIGNATURE	DATE

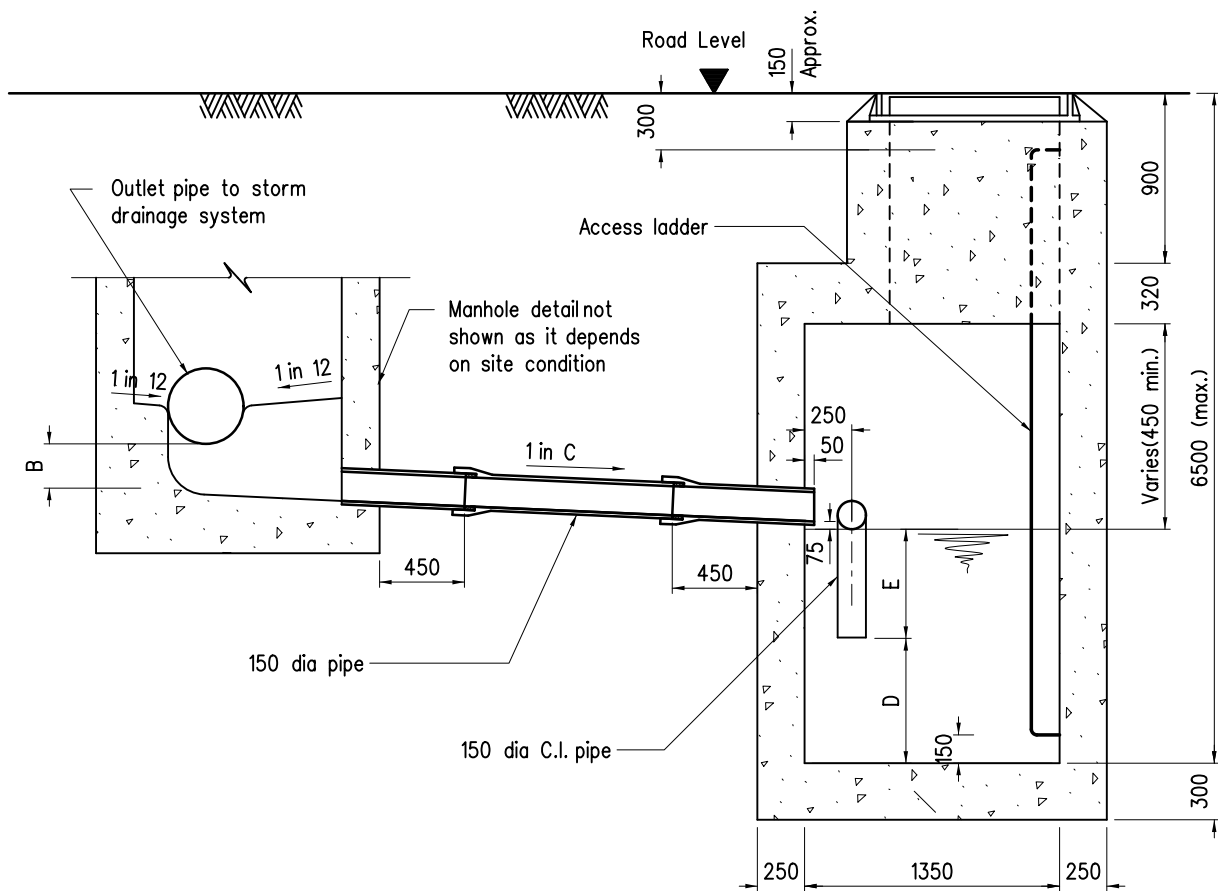
**PETROL INTERCEPTOR  
FOR OPEN PUBLIC  
TRANSPORT INTERCHANGE  
(SHEET 2 OF 11)**

**HIGHWAYS DEPARTMENT**

REFERENCE	DRAWING No.	CAD
SCALE	H 3135C	
Diagrammatic		

CATCHMENT AREA OF THE PUBLIC TRANSPORT INTERCHANGE A ( m <sup>2</sup> )	LEVEL DIFFERENCE OF THE 2 OUTLET PIPES IN THE LAST MANHOLE B ( mm )	FALL OF INLET AND OUTLET PIPE OF PETROL INTERCEPTOR C	D ( mm )	E ( mm )	NO. OF COMPARTMENT
A ≤ 1000	60	200	500	400	2
1000 < A ≤ 2000	90	200	600	400	3
2000 < A ≤ 3000	150	200	550	600	4
3000 < A ≤ 4000	150	100	725	600	4

TABLE 1



SECTION A - A

Note :

See H3134B for general notes.

B	General revision		Oct 22
A	General revision		Nov 02
	Former drg. no. H3028/3A with general revision		Jun 94
REF.	REVISION	SIGNATURE	DATE

PETROL INTERCEPTOR  
FOR OPEN PUBLIC  
TRANSPORT INTERCHANGE  
(SHEET 3 OF 11)

HIGHWAYS DEPARTMENT

REFERENCE

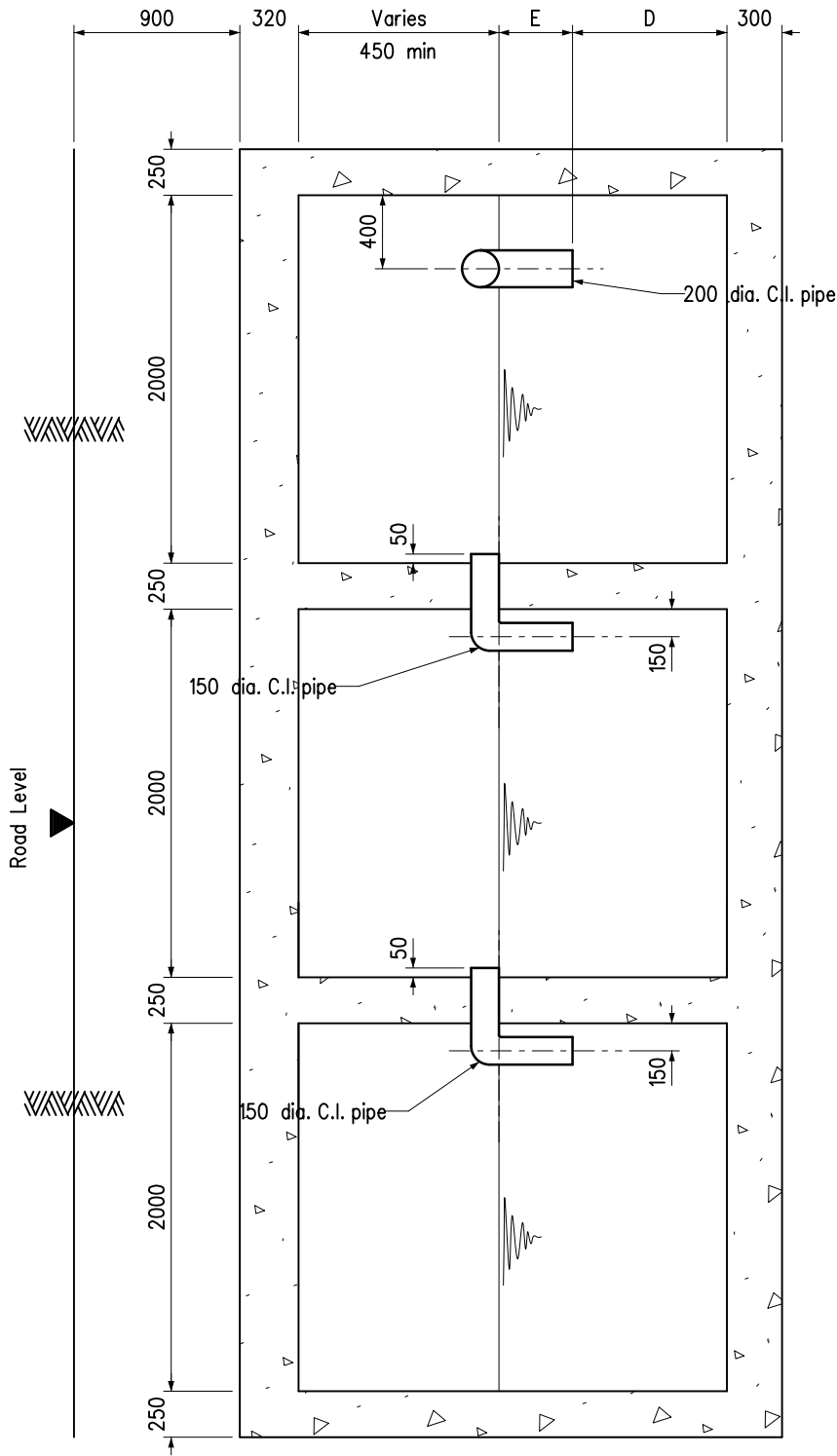
DRAWING No.

CAD

SCALE

Diagrammatic

H 3136B



**SECTION B - B**

( 3 compartment petrol interceptor shown )

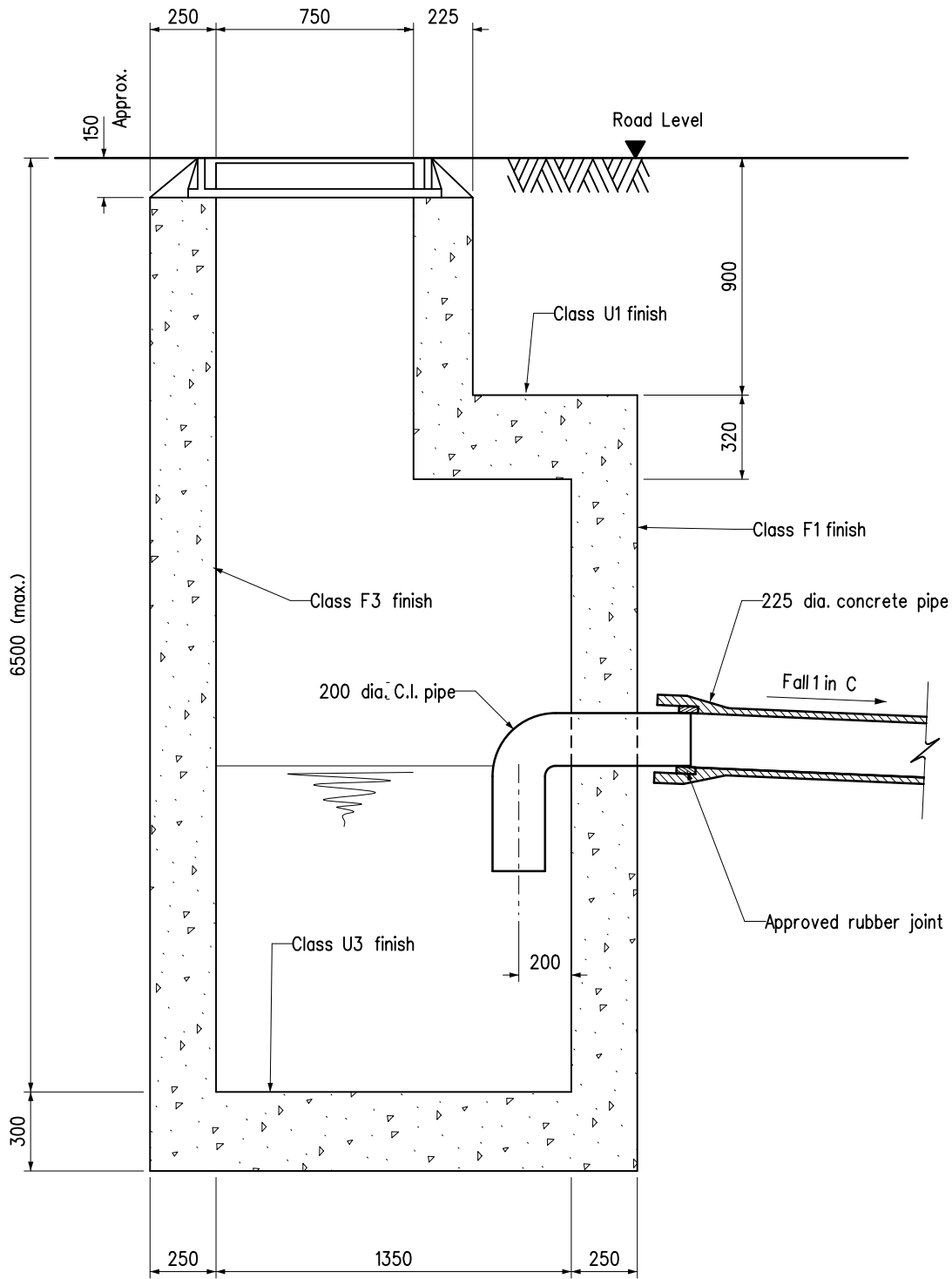
Note :  
See H3134B for general notes.

A	General revision		Oct 22
	Former drg. no. H3028/4A with general revision		Jun 94
REF.	REVISION	SIGNATURE	DATE

**PETROL INTERCEPTOR  
FOR OPEN PUBLIC  
TRANSPORT INTERCHANGE  
(SHEET 4 OF 11)**

**HIGHWAYS DEPARTMENT**

REFERENCE	DRAWING No.	CAD
SCALE Diagrammatic	<b>H 3137A</b>	



**SECTION C - C**

Note :  
See H3134B for general notes.

B	General revision		Oct 22
A	General revision		Nov 02
	Former drg. no. H3028/5A with general revision		Jun 94
REF.	REVISION	SIGNATURE	DATE

**PETROL INTERCEPTOR  
FOR OPEN PUBLIC  
TRANSPORT INTERCHANGE  
(SHEET 5 OF 11)**

**HIGHWAYS DEPARTMENT**

REFERENCE

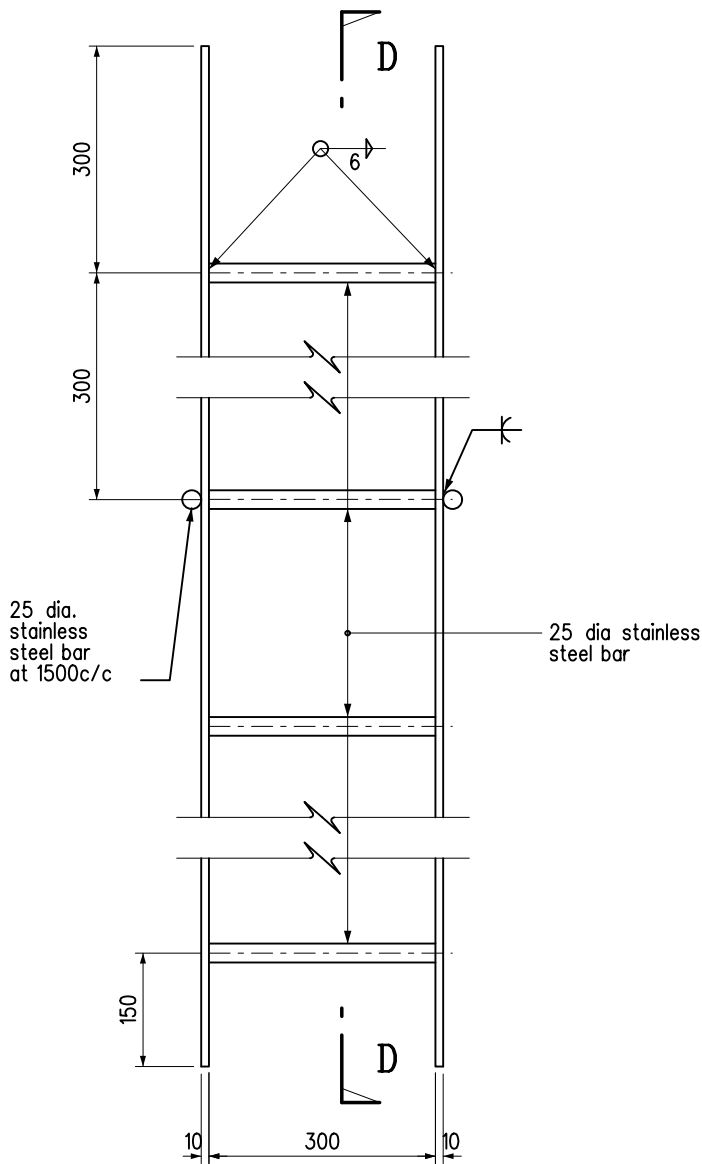
DRAWING No.

CAD

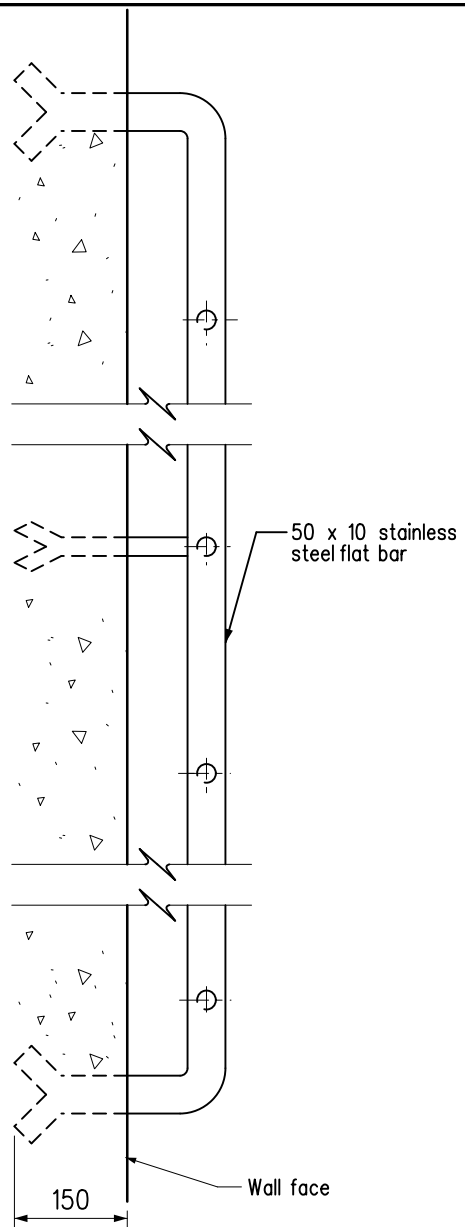
SCALE

1: 25

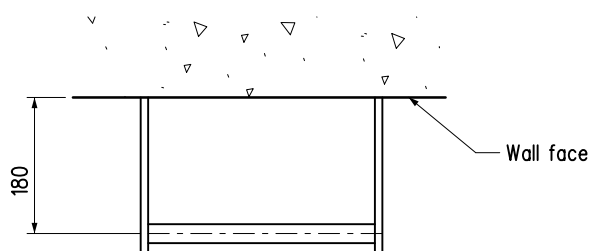
**H 3138B**



ELEVATION



SECTION D - D



PLAN

ACCESS LADDER

Note :

See H3134B for general notes

B	General revision		Oct 22
A	General revision		Nov 02
	Former drg. no. H3028/6A with general revision		Jun 94
REF.	REVISION	SIGNATURE	DATE

PETROL INTERCEPTOR  
FOR OPEN PUBLIC  
TRANSPORT INTERCHANGE  
(SHEET 6 OF 11)

HIGHWAYS DEPARTMENT

REFERENCE

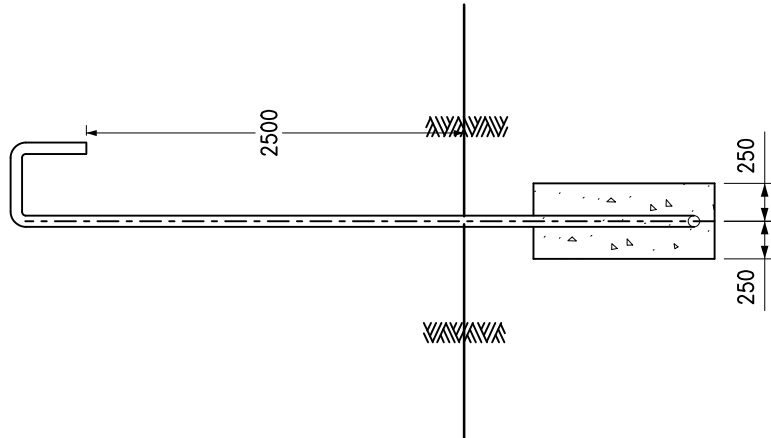
DRAWING No.

CAD

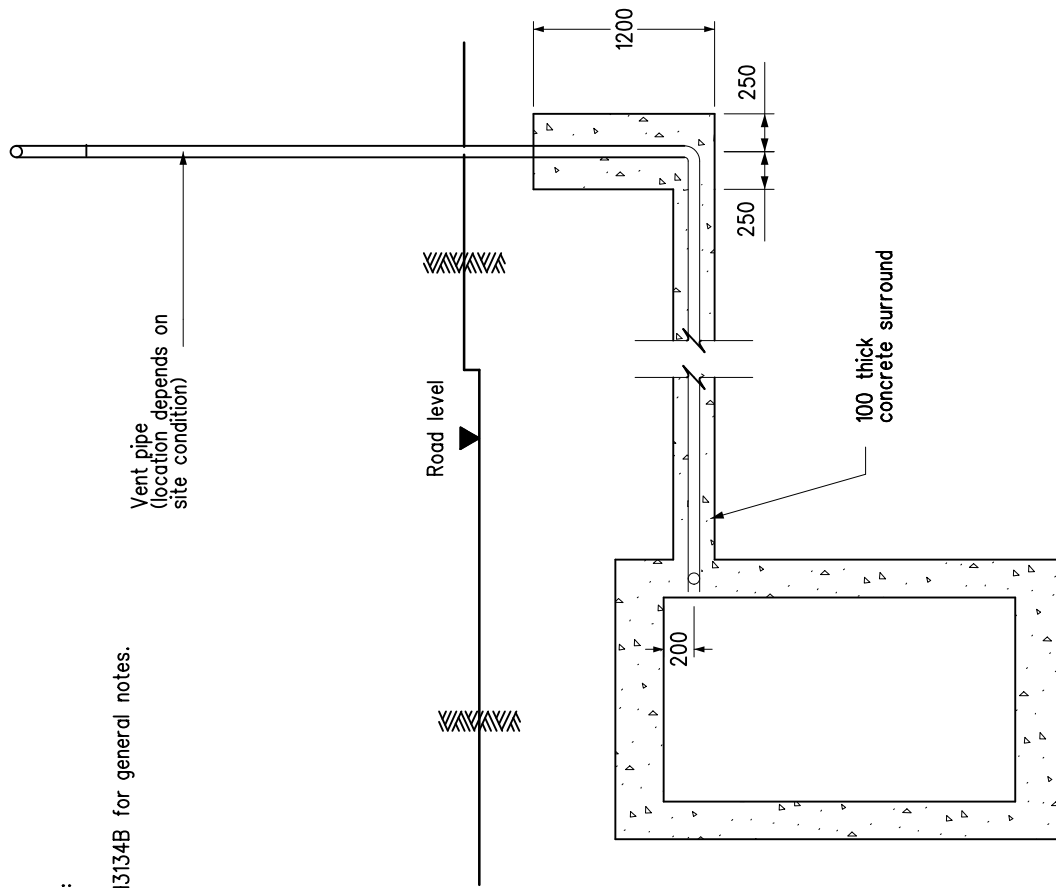
SCALE

1 : 10

H 3139B



SECTION N - N



SECTION M - M

Note :  
See H3134B for general notes.

A	General revision		Oct 22
	Former drg. no. H3028/7A with general revision		Jun 94
REF.	REVISION	SIGNATURE	DATE

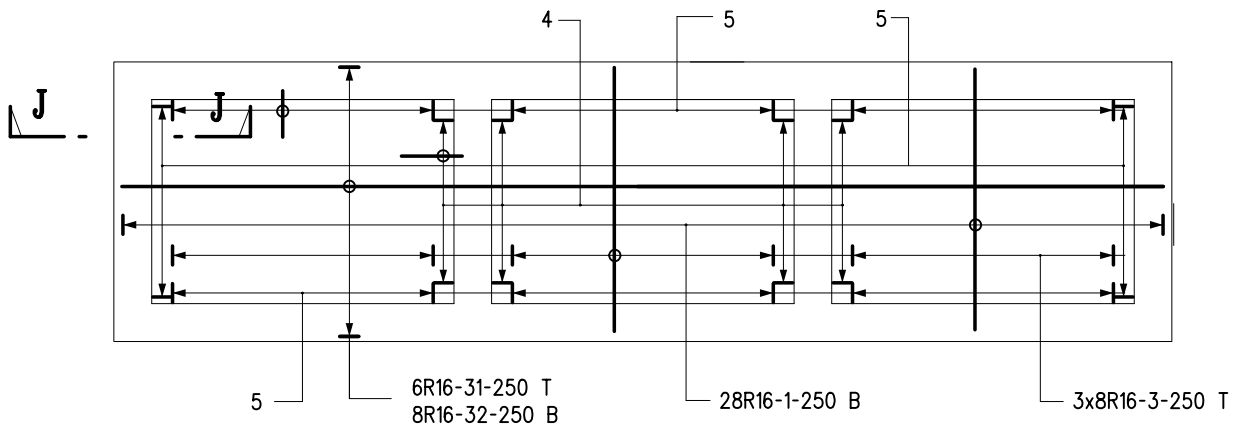
PETROL INTERCEPTOR  
FOR OPEN PUBLIC  
TRANSPORT INTERCHANGE  
(SHEET 7 OF 11)

HIGHWAYS DEPARTMENT

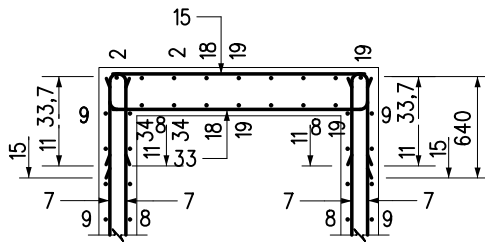
REFERENCE	DRAWING No.	CAD
SCALE Diagrammatic	H 3140A	



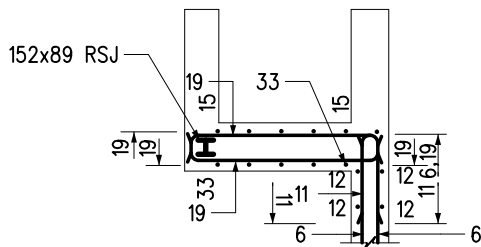




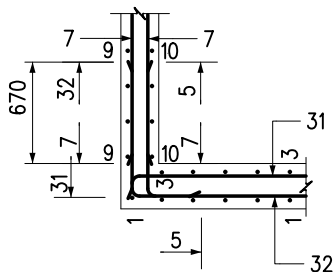
**BASE SLAB**



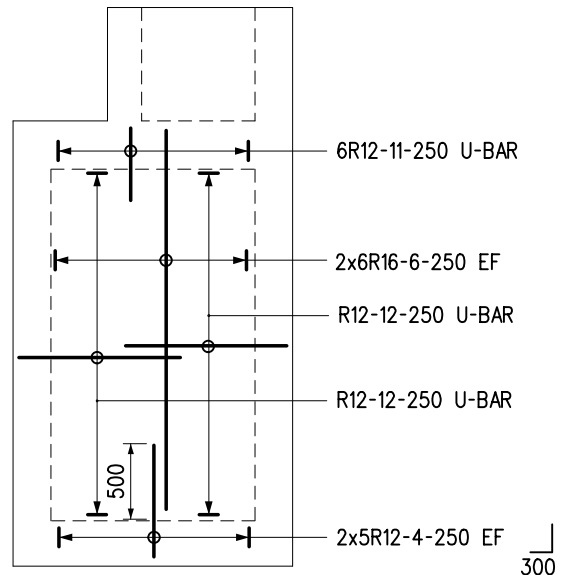
**SECTION F - F**



**SECTION G - G**



**SECTION J - J**



**INTERNAL WALL**

Notes :

See H3134B for general notes.

B	General revision		Oct 22
A	General revision		Nov 02
	Former drg. no. H3028/10A with general revision		Jun 94
REF.	REVISION	SIGNATURE	DATE

**PETROL INTERCEPTOR  
FOR OPEN PUBLIC  
TRANSPORT INTERCHANGE  
(SHEET 10 OF 11)**

**HIGHWAYS DEPARTMENT**

REFERENCE

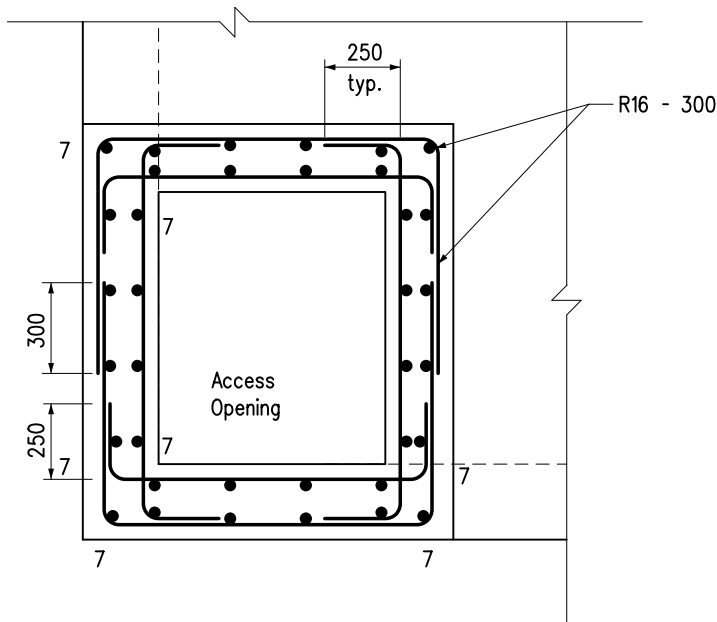
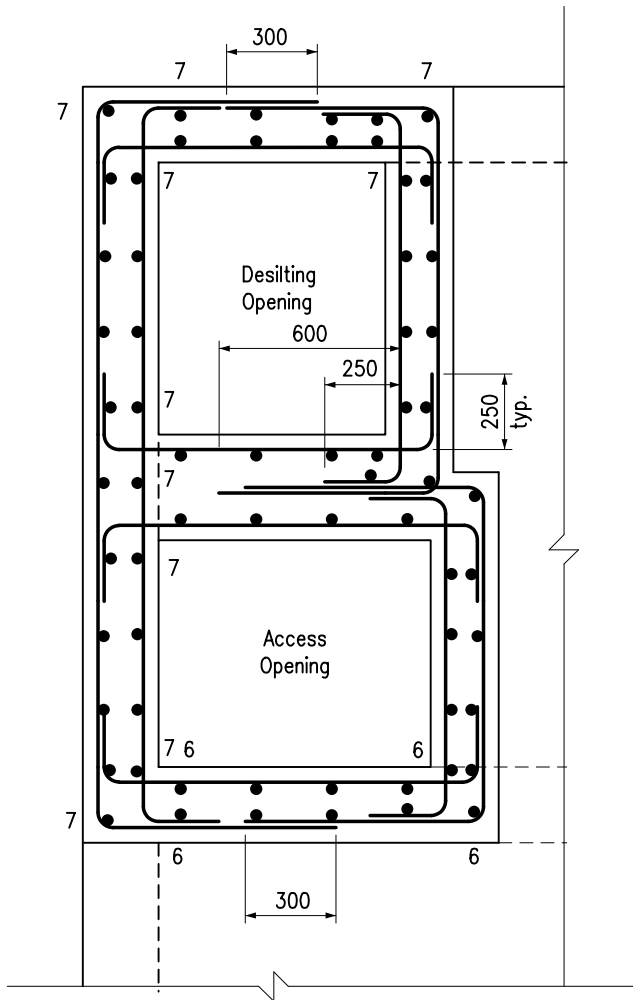
DRAWING No.

CAD

SCALE

1 : 50

**H 3143B**



Notes :

1. See H3134B for general notes.
2. All horizontal and vertical bars are R16 at 300 c/c except otherwise specified.
3. Bars with mark 6 and 7 are bars from walls in chambers below shafts (see Sect. H-H drg. no. H3142B)

### SECTIONAL PLANS

reinforcement details for access shafts

B	General revision		Oct 22
A	General revision		Nov 02
	New issue		Jun 94
REF.	REVISION	SIGNATURE	DATE

PETROL INTERCEPTOR  
FOR OPEN PUBLIC  
TRANSPORT INTERCHANGE  
(SHEET 11 OF 11)

HIGHWAYS DEPARTMENT

REFERENCE

DRAWING No.

CAD

SCALE

1 : 25

H 3144B